MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL.

VOLUME XVI. MILWAUKEE, WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 27, 1859. NUMBER 163.

THE SENTINEL.

Daily, $7;—Tri-Weekly, $4;—Weekly, $1.50
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,
Publishers and Proprietors.

T. D. JERMAIN.....W. M. BRIGHTMAN

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 27, 1859.

Arrival and Departure of Railroad Trains, and Hour of Closing Mails.

MILWAUKEE & CHICAGO.

Depart.	Arrive.	Mails Close.
10:30 A. M.	12:50 P. M.	9:30 A. M.
3:15 P. M.	5:16 P. M.	2:00 P. M.
LA CROSSE & MILWAUKEE.		
7:25 A. M.	9:35 A. M.	9:00 P. M.
1:50 P. M.	7:35 P. M.	12:30 P. M.
MILWAUKEE & MISSISSIPPI.		
9:15 A. M.	9:00 A. M.	8:00 A. M.
1:30 P. M.	2:30 P. M.	12:30 P. M.
7:30 P. M.	11:30 P. M.	
MILWAUKEE & MORICON.		
7:25 A. M.	9:35 A. M.	9:00 P. M.
1:50 P. M.	2:35 P. M.	12:30 P. M.
MILWAUKEE, WATERTOWN & BARABOO VALLEY.		
4:20 P. M.	11:25 A. M.	3:30 P. M.
DETROIT & MILWAUKEE.		
12:00 M.	2:20 A. M.	11:00 A. M.
9:00 P. M.	12:00 P. M.	7:00 P. M.

Departure of Steamers.

FOR COLLINGWOOD AND THE EAST.

The Collingwood Line of brow steamers leave—one every day, from Dousman's dock, foot of East Water st., connecting at Collingwood with cars from the East.

FOR BUFFALO.

Screw steamers, with good accommodations for passengers, leave the different transportation docks every day for Buffalo.

FOR PORT WASHINGTON, &C.

The Steamer Gazelle leaves Johnson & Olmsted's Dock at 8 o'clock in the morning, for Port Washington, Sheboygan, Manitowoc and Two Rivers.

FOR CHICAGO, &C.

The steamer Traveller leaves Johnson & Olmsted's Dock every evening, at 5 o'clock, for Chicago and intermediate ports.

The Crops in this State.

We have ceased publishing "crop items" from our exchanges as they are all substantially to the same effect, and there no longer exists any doubt in the public mind about the prospects of the incoming harvest. The weather has been propitious for the farmer; winter wheat is nearly all cut and will doubtless be secured in good order; spring wheat is beyond danger of the rust; it never looked better and the yield will be large everywhere throughout this State; rye was never better; oats ditto; corn is coming on finely, of barley we hear nothing, and on the principle that "no news is good news," we take it for granted that it is all right too; potatoes, notwithstanding the late frosts, promise well; tame grass is poor, and this, we believe is the only scant crop we shall have in Wisconsin. This is the substance of accounts that now reach us relating to the crops. Farmers are no longer solicitous about the harvest prospects; but they regard with some anxiety the present gloomy condition of the produce markets.

Re-Nomination of Mr. Buchanan.

The Pittsburg *Post* a pet organ of the old bachelor who presides at the White House, has re-nominated Mr. BUCHANAN in a semi-official way. It puts him on the Charleston track with the understanding that the entry is made by authority. The announcement is received by the democratic press with a chastened enthusiasm, of which the following from the Cleveland *Plain Dealer* is a fair sample:

The writer intimates that some ambitious "kites are soaring to the eagle's nest," as though said nest had been vacated and the other eye of the old bird had been shut up through extreme old age, and as though he did not, his assertion to the contrary, feel just as young as he did at fifty. The writer flirts his bandanna at such little kites as Douglas, Stevens and others, and calls upon the Charleston Convention to mend up the broken Cincinnati Platform through which the President stumbled in the Lecompton storm, get the old man back on to it, bolster him up with the resolutions declaring the same as good as new, and then give the Republicans a touch of Solferino.

It is expected that the party press generally will respond in a similar manner. At any rate the *Plain Dealer* thinks so, for it says:

We shall look for the responses from the Democratic press from the North and South; and the North, most especially, with breathless anxiety; and as fast as the responses to the above feeler *pour in upon us* we shall lay them before our readers. But until then

"Henceforth to the sunset,
Unchecked on her way,
Shall "Sovereignty" follow
The march of the day."

The Excursion to the Falls of Minnehaha.

From our Special Correspondent.

ST. PAUL, July 25, 1859.

When I finished my last letter we were just entering St. Paul, the *ultima thule* of our journey. The Sons were met at the landing by the St. Paul Lodge, and escorted through the principal streets to the Lodge Room of the I. O. S. M. of St. Paul. The procession numbered about 400 Sons, and was accompanied by the Chicago Light Guard Band.—Arriving at the Lodge Room they were received by an address from the Grand Commander of the Order in Minnesota, which was eloquently responded to in behalf of the Excursionists by Gov. RANDALL. Speeches were also made by CALKINS, of Madison, and BURNETT, of Cincinnati. After the usual greetings, a splendid collation was served up for the Brothers from abroad, to which they did ample justice. The Milwaukeeans in "good condition" pitchedin *medias res*.

With the majority of the excursionists, I betook myself to the Fuller House, E. H. LONG, proprietor, a splendid first-class hotel, much larger than I expected to see so far North. It is to St. Paul and Minnesota what the Newhall is to Milwaukee and Wisconsin.

Saturday, the 23d, came, and with it a drizzly rain. Notwithstanding this, the city seemed to be alive, and I should judge there were about 1000 strangers scattered here and there. Curious devices of the "Mysterious Order" were displayed along the principal streets, of the meaning of which nobody knew anything.

In the afternoon an excursion was made by the *Ben. Campbell*, Capt. MYERS, to Minnehaha Falls. Owing to the inclemency of the weather, the Sons were landed at Fort Snelling, at the invitation of FRANKLIN STEELE, Esq. The rest of the party went on to see Minnehaha Falls, the reputation of which is world-wide.

At Fort Snelling took place the Feast of the Nine Cardinals, directed by the Grand Cardinal of the Order to be held on the 23d of July. It was at the head-quarters of the old commandant of the Fort. The Feast was a fine one, and attended with all the paraphernalia of the "Mysterious Order."

An "outside barbarian" told me that they (the "Sons") took nine Maltese cats with them in an old oak chest. That the G. S. G. C., the "big cardinal," took one of the felines by the tail and placing it under his arm commenced a chant, while the remaining cardinals, imitating his example, chimed in. Such a concert of stringed instruments was never heard before in which the pure catgut was used. My informant was a "barbarian," so I wouldn't vouch for the fact He told me positively that he peaked through the key-hole and saw the horrid orgies.

After the feast an election of nine Cardinals for the ensuing year was held. The presiding officers were S. G. C., DAN ROSS, of Chicago; S. V. G. C., S. SHOTER, of Milwaukee; S. G. C., F. WEST, of Milwaukee. The voting was by proxy. The apportionment, 1 vote for every 50,000, divided as follows: France, 7; Great Britain, 6; Turkey, 2; U States, 9; Russia, 1; Hungary, 1; Brazil, 0; Italian States, 4; Mexico, 1; Cuba, 2; Canada, 2; Prussia, 3; German States, 2; Austria, 0.

For the first Cardinal, the G. S. G. C., there were 10 ballots. On the 10th ballot, JEROME BONAPARTE, the surviving brother of NAPOLEON, received 22 out of 40 votes cast. The following is the vote:

JEROME BONAPARTE 22, S. A. DOUGLAS 3, GARIBALDI 10, KOSSUTH 7, GEO. PEABODY 4, PRINCE ALBERT 0, JOHN W FORNEY 0, JOHN SLIDELL 0, JUAREZ 0.

The remaining eight Cardinals were elected as follows:

GEO. PEABODY, GARIBALDI, KOSSUTH, JUAREZ, S. A. DOUGLAS, JOHN W. FORNEY, Governor RANDALL, and ALVAREZ MERINO, of Cuba.

The election was exciting, but carried on in a brotherly spirit. *Let it be recorded.*

The great object of the Grand Excursion is accomplished. The remainder of the time will probably be spent in private excursions to Minneapolis, St. Anthony and Minnehaha Falls, and to the numerous trout brooks in this vicinity.

The Sons will return satisfied with the great work they have accomplished. "Outsiders" will also return satisfied with everything they have seen, except the Sons, whom they probably have *not* seen at the Feast of the Nine Cardinals in the encampment at Minnehaha. They can say of the I. O. S. M. what is said of the name of Junius—*Rari nominis umbra.*

S. H.

Napoleon's Embarrassments and Treachery.

The following letter to the New York *Times*, from Brescia, written before the conclusion of peace, shows some of the embarrassments that NAPOLEON'S double dealing was leading him into, and also indicates that his treachery, which has since come to light, was not wholly unlooked for by the Italian people:

The relations between Napoleon and Victor Emanuel are not so cordial as they have been heretofore. The Roman question is very embarrassing, and Napoleon is greatly disappointed at not being able to find a throne for Prince Napoleon in Tuscany. The letter concludes: Now it is possible that the Emperor might overlook this little derangement of his plans considering it easy to find another throne for Pion-Pion, but another and still more serious troubles arises in the Legations. The moment the Austrians are compelled to retire, the inhabitants of the Papal States whom brute force alone has prevented from dethroning the Pope every day since 1848, will throw off the hated yoke and proclaim Victor Emanuel King. What can the Emperor do? He told the Italians from Milan to organize themselves into a military force to rally around the king's standard and to follow him on the path to honor, promising not to offer any impediment to the expression of their legitimate wishes. They have done so. Perhaps he meant only to speak to the Lombards. Then he should have said so clearly. He cannot now send troops to crush the Italians for their prompt obedience to his call, and on the other hand he has guaranteed the temporal dominion of the Church to the Pope, so he cannot help his subjects to rebel. He is between two dilemmas.

On the one hand, the French clergy will do their utmost to rouse an insurrection in France if the Pope be assailed with even the indirect consent of the Emperor. On the other, the massacre of Perugia has set not only the inhabitants of the Papal States frantic, but the Italians.

As long as they believe that the Emperor will, if he does not help, consent to their taking vengeance for those infamies, they are still his ardent admirers, but already his silence has shocked them. Calming words from Guyon are no longer sufficient for the Romans, and depend on it when the last Austrian withdraws from Comacchio and Parma, they will take matters in their own hands. The Emperor knows this. He knows that Victor Emanuel is profoundly grieved at the existing state of things, that he does not see and cannot be made to see why he should not be King of Italy, since the Italians wish it.

What is to be done? That's the question. I repeat that I am not one of the initiated, but the impression is strong here that he is wavering, as to whether after all he will drive the Austrians clear out of the Peninsula. If he wavers, if he show signs of making peace till this is done, woe to the French name in Italy. Woe to the unhappy Venetians, who will have to bear all the brunt of the Austrian vengeance. Woe to the volunteers under Garibaldi, who will fight as long as breath remains in one of them; until the last Austrian be hunted from the Italic Alps.

But it may not be as bad as this. Perhaps Venice may be freed from the Austrians, but made into a separate kingdom under the Archduke Max.

Perhaps this panic has no foundation.—Napoleon has said that Italy shall be free from the Alps to the Adriatic. Will he prove himself as incapable or unfaithful in the face of Europe? I will not think so yet. The unnecessarily slow approach of the France-Sardinian fleet toward Venice, seems to give color to the panic, I can call it nothing else, which seems to have seized on all.

The Loss of the Goliath in 1848.

It will be recollected that the propeller Goliath, bound for Sant St. Marie, with a large load of powder and mining supplies, was lost on Lake Huron during the month of September, 1848, and that no person was saved. Yesterday an hermetrically sealed bottle was found by Mr. W. Webster, floating in the river. It was opened, and found to contain a piece of paper with the following writing upon it:

"PROPELLER GOLIATH.—Vessel struck a rock, filling fast, sounded, found no bottom, out sight of land. Finder will give this public notice. The crew left pumps—all will be lost. JOHN S. ADAMS, Passenger."

The probability is, that some person, thinking to have some sport, and not having the fear of God before his eyes, wrote the document given above, and sealed it in the bottle, for a sell, as there can be but little doubt of the fact that the vessel was burned or else exploded.

The *Advertiser* of September 23d, 1848, published a rumor that the Goliath was burned in Saginaw Bay, and gives a dispatch, dated Chicago on the 22d, stating that the steamers Sultana and Louisiana had arrived, and reported that from the captains of certain vessels lying at Mackinac the officers learned that the missing steamer was blown up on Lake Huron. Several days after, this paper also published an extra from the Port Huron *Gazette* of the 25th September, which stated that the *charred* upper works of a propeller or steamer had been washed ashore at Pine Point, above Goodrich; also, a number of barrels, boxes, &c., and a piece of the mast, which latter had the appearance of having been cut away with an axe. Lieut. John E. Schwarz, son of the late Gen. Schwarz, of this city, was on board of the propeller, and was never heard of afterwards. The Captain was Perry Palmer, who, being sick, got off at China, on the St. Clair river, before the vessel got to Lake Huron.

Many speculations were made at the time in reference to the propeller, and as many will probably now be made, as to who is the author of the document we have given.—*Detroit Advertiser.*

Who Shall be the next Republican Candidate for Governor.

Translated from the Madison Zietung (German.)

The Republican papers of the State are at present earnestly engaged in considering the question of who shall be nominated as the candidate for Governor at the next election. Some favor the nomination of Randall; others bring forward Schurz, others Hanchett, McGregor or McIndoe.

We approve of this mode of bringing candidates before the public, by which the voters are enabled to learn something about the men for whom they are to vote, and therefore take this method to express our own preference and to give the grounds for it.

We bespeak the re-nomination of Governor Randall, because he has administered the office for the past two years in a manner that has done honor to himself as well as the State; and further because we believe it is for the interest both of the party and of the State that he should be re-elected.

We have nothing against the other candidates mentioned above. They are, so far as we know, approved Republicans, and able and proper men, and should the nomination fall upon either, we should work for the success of the party. Our first choice, nevertheless, is Alexander W. Randall.

THE SUNDAY CAR QUESTION IN PHILADELPHIA.—The position of Mayor Henry, of Philadelphia, that the running of the street cars on Sunday is a breach of the peace under the laws of that commonwealth, has been sustained by the Supreme Court.

The Railroad Company thought themselves liable only to a fine of $4 for each offence, but under the decision of the Court they are subject to a much severer punishment.

THE CITY.

SENTINEL READING ROOM.

WE have opened in connection with our new Counting Room, 207 East Water st., a Reading Department, where all the leading Daily Papers in the United States and Canada are regularly placed on file, for the benefit of those who may wish to see them. Strangers visiting the city are invited to avail themselves of our "Free Reading Room" at their pleasure.

The Courts.

CIRCUIT COURT—JUDGE MCARTHUR, PRESIDING.—In the case of the State vs. SHERMAN M. BOOTH, the jury being empanelled, the Court commenced taking testimony yesterday morning.

The names of the Jurors are as follows:

Wm. Heather,	Francis B. Ott,
F. G. Slocum,	Bryan Kelley,
Orlando Ellsworth,	John J. Thomas,
John C. Koeselau,	Francis Ward,
Jacob Mohrbacher,	F. V. Mansfield,
C. W. Bierbach,	Asa Howes.

E. H. LARIN was the first witness called by the prosecution, and testified to the marriage of defendant.

WM. COOK (father of CAROLINE COOK) next called; stated that his daughter was 14 on the 22d of October last; had never been married. Defendant invited her to go to his house on the 12th of March. His first knowledge of anything improper, came thro' Mrs. BOOTH, at defendant's house.

Mrs. COOK being sworn, testified to the previous chastity of her daughter.

CAROLINE N. COOK was upon the stand the greater part of the day. Her appearance was extremely modest and prepossessing, and her answers given in a straight-forward manner. Very little, however, was elicited in the way of evidence, the principal part of the time being consumed in arguing technical points of law.

MUNICIPAL COURT—HIS HONOR, JUDGE FOOTE, PRESIDING—TUESDAY, July 26th.—John Davis, disorderly, penalty and costs, $10.98. Paid.

Wm. Olin, disorderly penalty and costs, $12.50. Paid.

J. H. Stewart, disorderly, discontinued till 27th inst.

Charles Price, colored individual, assault and battery on his wife, sentenced to 20 days imprisonment.

G. C. Mansfield, assault and battery, discharged.

J. G. Graser, assault and battery, fine and costs, $7.41. Paid.

Ann Leinhart, larceny, sentenced to 10 days imprisonment.

THE DETROIT AND MILWAUKEE RAILWAY STEAMERS.—In about *three weeks* we may look for the arrival of the new steamers *Detroit* and *Milwaukee* at this port. These boats are the staunchest and finest steamers ever built on the Lakes; they are to ply between this city and Grand Haven, in connection with the Detroit & Milwaukee Railroad, which is essentially a Milwaukee and Wisconsin road; one of the boats is named after our fair city. Ought not something to be done, therefore, to give these twin steamers, their officers, passengers and crew, a fitting reception when they reach this port? Should not the *Milwaukee*, especially, be the recipient of a suit of colors from our citizens? And is any time to be lost in making suitable arrangements to receive the steamers and to present the *Milwaukee* with her flags?

What is everybody's business nobody attends to. Let *somebody*, therefore, make it *his* business to look after this. Our merchants and other citizens are ready to do what is needful and proper in the premises. Who, then, will "start the ball?"

IN MR. PALMER'S OBJECTION to the appointment of Mr. RYAN as assistant counsel for the prosecution in the case of the State *vs* S. M. BOOTH—he alluded to the vindictiveness of the press during the original excitement. Mr. RYAN, in replying, said—with real disgust—"The press! I hear too much about the press! I wish there was no press! I'm sick of hearing of the press!" He said, "I take this paper. After several ineffectual efforts to stop it, I still take it; the persistency with which it makes its appearance has led me to suppose there was either an understanding between the postmaster or editor, or that some personal enemy chose this manner of inflicting me." The off-handed manner of the speaker, together with the inimitable way in which he displayed the caricatures on the printed page had a boisterous effect on the spectators.

THE COW QUESTION may now be voted a bore. The various methods taken by those aggrieved, to present their cases to the public have been ignored by the proper authorities, and the only ultimatum arrived at is, that cows and hogs still range at large—an ultimatum especially desired by certain good Democrats in the Third Ward. Of all little questions this is the most befogged. There is no one who is sufficiently posted to tell whether the Democratic cows are committing trespass or not.

The question of a Public Pound is entangled in all sorts of legal snarls, and the mere hinting at the subject in the Board of Councilors seemed to raise such a dust that not one honorable member could, for his life, tell what became of the Pound, *once* in operation. The most unfortunate part of the whole thing is, that the owners of these cows can vote, and being, moreover, good dimmycrats, the further interference with their liberty is of all things the most distasteful.

PAPER HANGING.—If any of our friends want a job of paper-hanging or decorating done in the best style of the art, we can assure them that Messrs. J. J. MCGRATH & Co., of Wisconsin street, have no superiors in that line of business. Many of the most fashionable public resorts in the city were decorated by them, amongst which we may mention the Albany Restaurant and Newhall bar-room as fair specimens of their good taste and skill. They have also quite recently done a little job for us, the papering of the *Sentinel* Counting Room, that we think will be admired by all who see it. They always keep a large stock of paper-hangings, borders, window-shades, &c., on hand, which they sell to dealers at manufacturers prices.

FIRE.—Yesterday morning between the hours of three and four, a fire broke out in the house of Mr. HENRY, in the Fourth Ward, near the M. & M. R. R. depot, occupied by ISAAC RODIE as a saloon. Before the engines arrived the flames had obtained too great a headway to be subdued. Mr. HENRY'S loss is about $400. Mr. CUNNINGHAM, who owned the adjoining building, which was also destroyed, estimates his loss at $1,400. Both insured.

IN ANOTHER COLUMN will be found the prospectus of the New York Daily and Weekly *Times*, a first class newspaper. Persons wishing a New York journal should subscribe for the *Times*. Its enterprise and ability have won for it a reputation second to no sheet in the country.

HOUSE TO RENT.—J. S. FILLMORE has a good two story house with yard and good well and cisterns, on Knapp street, between Main and Milwaukee; rent, $10 per month.

"THE FAMILY TREASURY OF SUNDAY READING.—We have found it excellently adapted to furnish Sabbath Reading of an instructive and edifying character."—*N. Y. Evangelist.*

"The specimen number presents an abundant feast of good things, admirably selected and arranged."—*Protestant Churchman.*

"In point of variety, excellence, and number of its articles, we have seen nothing of the kind superior to it."—*Boston Christian Era.*

"All that the publication contains breathes a thoroughly Christian spirit, and a work more excellently suited for the home circle, we cannot imagine. We feel assured of the edification and improvement of all who peruse it."—*Scottish American Journal.*

The above magazine is published by THOS. NELSON & SONS, 131 Nassau street, New York, on the 1st of every month. For particulars, see their advertisement in another column.

FOR THE EAST VIA COLLINGWOOD.—The splendid upper cabin steamer *Evergreen City*, leaves Dousman & Co's dock this morning at 9 o'clock. For passage apply at the Company's office, No. 70 East Water street. J. MCCARTY, Agent.

HON. THOS. F. MARSHALL, of Kentucky, will deliver a lecture at Albany Hall this (Wednesday) evening, July 27. Subject—"The Life, Character and Public Services of HENRY CLAY." Tickets 25 cents, to be had at the Newhall House, and at the door.

FOR THE EAST.—The upper cabin steam packet *Winona*, Capt. JOHN HUFF, leaves the New York Central dock this morning at 10 o'clock, for Buffalo and intermediate ports. For passage apply at the Company's office, foot of East Water street, J. GRIFFIN & Co., Agents.

Proceedings of the Board of Councillors.

A full attendance of the Board of Councillors took place Monday evening—His Honor, Mayor PAGE, in the chair.

On motion, the reading of the minutes was dispensed with. The usual number of petitions, accounts, &c., were received and referred to the proper committees.

The resolution of the Board of Aldermen, requesting the City Comptroller and Chief Engineer to obtain and report information in regard to steam fire engines, Concurred in.

The resolution originally adopted by the Board of Councillors to pay $50 to each of the fire companies, and amended by the Board of Aldermen to leave out number Eight, came up for concurrence in the amendment. Lost, ayes 9, noes 7.

Resolved, The Board of Councillors concurring herein, that the Finance Committee of both Boards be, and hereby are, instructed to make an examination of the books in the Treasurer's office, for five years preceding the 1st of June, A. D. 1859, and make report to the Common Council as speedily as possible, as regards the manner of keeping such books, and the correctness of settlements heretofore made with the several Treasurers during the period above mentioned.

After amending so as to include the City Clerk, Engineer and Comptroller, the resolution was thereupon adopted.

AN ORDINANCE, to authorize the issue of City Bonds.

The Mayor and Common Council of the City of Milwaukee do ordain as follows:

SEC. 1. The Mayor and City Clerk are hereby authorized and directed to sign and execute one hundred thousand dollars in Milwaukee City Bonds, of one thousand dollars each, payable in ten years from the date thereof, at the Bank of New York, in the city of New York, with interest semi-annually at 7 per cent. per annum, payable at the same place, and the City Comptroller is hereby directed to countersign said bonds, and said bonds shall be used or disposed of in the payment of, or in exchange for bonds, and the interest thereon, issued by said city, and in the payment of debts contracted previous to the sixth day of April, as provided by law.

SEC. 2. The Mayor and City Comptroller are hereby authorized and directed to negotiate and sell the City Bonds named in this Ordinance, and use the proceeds thereof in the payment of City Bonds now part due, or soon to become due, and the interest thereon, and in the payment of the city indebtedness contracted previous to the sixth day of April, 1858, or they may exchange said bonds or any part thereof for such city bonds, and interest thereon, or such other city indebtedness.

SEC. 3. An Ordinance entitled An Ordinance authorizing the issue of City Bonds, approved May 7, 1858, is hereby repealed.

Councillor NOYES moved to suspend the rules and put the ordinance on its final passage; carried.

Councillor HEINEMANN presented a resolution requesting the city printers to present their accounts for settlement on —— of ——, and no money to be paid them on account until such account be approved. Referred to printing Committee.

Councillor ROSENCK introduced a resolution reflecting on a "conspicuous" member of the Board of Aldermen; owing to the peculiar nature of the document the assistant clerk of the Board refused to have it published in any paper but the *News*.

On motion of Councillor LOCKWOOD the resolution was referred to the Bridge Committee.

On the question to refer, Councillor ROSENCK spoke as follows: I hope, Mr. President, this question won't be referred. I don't see why we should't take the bull by the horns; we have handled about these lords long enough, and it's time they was told to mind their own business. Some of the honorable members mabee is afraid, but I ain't. I don't think there is nothing to be afraid of; and I hope the resolution will be adopted.—Motion to refer carried.

The Finance Committee reported a resolution in favor of paying $700 in orders to BROWN and OSBEN; referred back to the same Committee.

The Committee to whom was referred the matter of extra pay to the Firemen employed in removing the ruins of Young's Block, reported a resolution appropriating $40 to Hook and Ladder Companies 1 and 2, for extra services; resolution adopted.

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Western Union and Wisconsin State Telegraph
Office—Free Democrat Block, Milwaukee.

CONNECTIONS with all lines East. The Wisconsin State Lines run from Milwaukee to La Crosse, Fond du Lac and Waupun, on railroad routes. Also, from Milwaukee to Janesville, Madison, Watertown and Prairie du Chien. Stations at all important intermediate points.

☞ Office hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.
my1429 6dtf 1stpp A. WELLER, Agent.

NOTICE.—EDWARD P. ALLIS has opened an office under the State Bank, entrance on East Water street just north of Michigan street, and will give his attention to buying, selling or exchanging real estate and securities, and any other business which may require the services of an agent. my5246 6dm1stpp

☞ Look out for imitations of Lee & Perrin's Worcestershire sauce. See advertisement of John Duncan & Sons. sep10-dtawly

☞ DRS. JULIAN & EDWARDS, Private Physicians. Office, 184 Main street, Milwaukee, Wis. my82dly

E. TOWNSEND MIX,
ARCHITECT.
PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS FURNISHED, and Buildings superintended on reasonable terms. Office on corner of East Water and Wisconsin streets, in Ludington's Block. Jan21

IN ANOTHER COLUMN will be found the prospectus of the New York Daily and Weekly *Times*, a first class newspaper. Persons wishing a New York journal should subscribe for the *Times*. Its enterprise and ability have won for it a reputation second to no sheet in the country.

TELEGRAPH!

REPORTED BY THE N. Y. ASSOCIATED PRESS FOR THE DAILY SENTINEL.

Important from Minister McLane.

NEW YORK, July 26—3 P. M.

The N. Y. *Times'* Washington correspondent says: The draught of a treaty just sent hither by Hon. Robert McLane to be submitted to our government, contains provisions of the very highest importance to this country. I am fortunately enabled to furnish you with a summary of its more strking stipulations, which are as follows:

1st. Rights of way across the northern States between the Rio Grande and ports on the Gulf of California, with guarantees for their protection and safety.

2d. Rights of way and valuable privileges of transit secured to the American company holding the Isthmus of Tehuantepec.

3d. The privilege of erecting and maintaining warehouses at the termini of the several transit routes.

4th. The right of transporting troops and munitions over such routes, and to send troops to protect them in default of Mexico fulfilling that duty.

5th. Freedom and transit of goods belonging or consigned to American citizens, and Arizonia through the ports of the Gulf of California and across Sonora.

6th. Entire and unquestionable freedom of religious opinions and religious worship thro'out the Republic.

7th A clause indicating the willingness of the Mexican government to accept a modified form of protectorate at the hands of the United States; in other words to solemnize another treaty in the form of an alliance offensive and defensive; but in substance creating a protectorate whether the United States shall signify its willingness to enter into such arrangements.

Commercial Effects of the War in New York.

NEW YORK, July 26—3 P. M.

The Herald's money article says the restoration of peace in Europe, the most important event that has happened since the war broke out, produced little or no effect in commercial or financial circles. Here to-day, the news caused the French funds to advance 2 1-2 per cent, the British 3, and other foreign stocks in proportion; but in New York neither merchandize, nor stocks, nor money, nor exchange, have been presceptibly affected. No doubt the season of the year which is proverbially unfavorable for speculative movements is in a measure the cause of the prevailing apathy. Something is also due to the complete sway which the bears exercise over the stock exchange, and which for the present paralyses the action of that body. It may be doubted whether the dull indifference manifested in all monetary and commercial circles to-day can be of long duration.

The Post says that while the news from Europe appears most unsatisfactory for two important interests, the western traders and the importers, yet there is of course much reason for congratulation, that so agitating an element as a European war is removed from the financial system, permitting a wider action of confidence, the essential condition of prosperity. In the aggregate few can doubt that whatever may be the temporary disadvantage to the West, and however slow the recovery from embarrassment, the termination of war will greatly promote business interests and establish a better state of trade generally.

Our Imports Forbode Danger.

NEW YORK, July 26—3 P. M.

The Herald, in an editorial on the effects of the peace on the commercial interests, says they may be of serious import to this country, if we do not meet them calmly and with foresight. Viewing the results of the war and its sudden termination in the same aspect with the results of the Crimean war, attended as they are with failure in the breadstuff and provision speculation, and with a reckless speculation in imports, they are not without menace to our commercial affairs.

The close of the present war leaves us in danger of another panic, if we do not exercise the utmost caution to avert it. But in one respect the war has benefited us. It has increased the Government revenue considerably at a very opportune moment.

Railroad Matters.

NEW YORK, July 26—3 P. M.

It is said that the New York Central Rail Road managers hope Mr. Garrett's agent will consent to the proposition for increased freights. The N. Y. Central agrees to put up all classes of freight, if the Baltimore road abates part of its water rates. An answer is expected to-day. The rates to be binding from the 1st of August.

LATEST NEWS!

BY LAST NIGHT'S REPORT

Later from Europe.

SACKVILLE, July 26—9 P. M.

The steamship Europa, with three days' later news, reached Halifax at 1 o'clock P. M. The Nova Scotia line closed this evening, having, as usual, refused to transmit the report of the Associated Press. The lines between Halifax and Sackville are working very imperfectly, in consequence of a thunder storm, and it is considered almost impossible to get the news through in time for morning papers, even if the express arrives here in time.

Nomination, &c.

AUGUSTA, GA., 26—9 P. M.

Jno. J. Jones has been nominated as candidate to Congress, by the Democratic District Convention, in place of Hon. Mr. Stevens, resigned.

A fire occurred at Jacksonville on the 17th, destroying property to the amount of $20,000. The Bellefontaine House and nearly an entire block of buildings were burned.

NORFOLK, July 26—9 P. M.

The bark Jennie Pitts, Capt. Amory, from Havana bound to Falmouth, Eng., with sugar, put in here to-day on account of the death of her captain at sea.

Wants.

SECOND-HAND
Counter, Shelving and Desk Wanted.

ANY PERSON HAVING A GOOD SETT of store Shelving, Counter, and Counting House Desk, can hear of a favorable opportunity to dispose of the same by enquiring of NOONAN & MCNAB. jy25

HOUSE WANTED.

A SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE in the Seventh Ward, wanted to rent. Address, stating particulars, Box 1332, Post Office.

CARPENTERS, PILE DRIVERS, AND LABORERS.

A NUMBER OF CARPENTERS, EXPERIENCED Pile Drivers and Laborers can find employment on the Sea Wall, now being built on the Detroit & Milwaukee Railway Co., at Grand Haven. Fare on the Co.'s boats half-price, and Fare refunded on account of work. Hiring daily.
SAML. C. RIDLEY,
jy13 6dtf Contractor.

BOAT FOR SALE.

A SPLENDID PLEASURE ROW AND Sail-Boat, is for sale very cheap; or the same will be given as part exchange for a good saddle-horse. Mitchell's Bank, No. 3.
jy25 5dtf F. COTZHAUSEN.

PAPER HANGINGS!

J. J. MCGRATH & CO.,
21 Wisconsin Street,
ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF A LARGE and well-selected Stock of
PAPER HANGINGS,
BORDERS,
WINDOW SHADES, &c., &c.,
Selected expressly for the Fall Trade of 1859, which they are prepared to sell very low. Persons wishing anything in our line will do well to
Call and Examine our Stock and Prices
Before purchasing elsewhere.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS

We would say that we have the largest Stock in the State, and our prices will be such that will defy competition.
☞ All orders from the country by mails will be promptly filled.
P. O Box 1170. J. J. MCGRATH,
jy25 6dtf N. FAXON.

Fond du Lac and Green Bay.

THE FIRST CLASS RIVER STEAMERS APPLETON BELLE and BERLIN CITY will make alternate daily trips through the season, between Fond du Lac and Green Bay, leaving every morning and arriving in the afternoon, touching at Oshkosh, Menasha, Appleton and all intermediate points.

TAKEN UP.

BY THE SUBSCRIBER IN THE NORTH part of the town of Greenfield, Milwaukee Co., on or about the 6th of July inst., a red and white milch cow, with a star on her forehead, about 8 or 9 years old. The owner is requested to call, prove property, pay charges and take her away.
July 16, 1859. jy18 3tawts. JESSE MORSE.

PICKLES.—GHERKINS, AND ASSORTED, in prime order, for sale by
EDWARD PECKLOW, 152 East Water St.

To-Day's Advertisements.

TO THE PUBLIC.

ON ARRIVING AT THIS CITY I FOUND Madame James, who was for five years my counsel and my guide. During the five years I procured some $15,000, from following her advice. Being a stranger to the citizens of Milwaukee, I need not give the particulars, but invite all who wish to succeed in business or pleasure to give Madame J. a call. Permit me to assure you she is well posted in her professions and no one need go away dissatisfied. She regrets that the people of Milwaukee have so little interest in the present and future; she is preparing to leave and will not remain here more than four or six days longer. I would in particular invite the Clergymen, Bankers, Lawyers, Merchants, and all who are interested in the amusing events of life as well as failure in general, to improve the present opportunity to investigate the present and future.
JOHN DALAIA,
Leavenworth City.
jy27 3tdtlw65.

SITUATION WANTED.

A BOOKKEEPER, ABOUT LEAVING his present place of business, wishes to make some arrangements with a mercantile house, or some other business man in the City, for his full or spare time. City references given. Letter "H," Drawer 274, Mil. P. O. jy27 6d3tdlw

LOST.

ON THIS 25TH DAY OF JULY, 1859, somewhere on Market st., Division or East Water, above Oneida, a WALLET containing with other papers, a *Promissory Note*, dated July 15th, 1859, drawn for $231, payable to Henry Schlegal or bearer, four months from date, signed by Joseph Magnus, a receipt of $31 being endorsed on the same. All persons are hereby warned against negotiating said note or receiving the same, as payment has been stopped. Any one returning said note to the undersigned lawful owner, or to Wm. Yetter, at First Ward Justice Office, will be satisfactorily rewarded.
HEINRICH SUHLEGEL.

THIS WAY WITH YOUR MONEY!

JOHN W. LEDYARD,
Cash Grocer and Wine Dealer,
NO. 161 EAST WATER STREET.

FISHERMEN A'HOY!
SEINE AND GILLING TWINE.

I AM IN RECEIPT OF A LARGE LIST of Seine and Gilling Twine, composed of all the various numbers and qualities, which I am determined to sell cheap. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
JOHN W. LEDYARD,
Grocer and Wine Dealer,
161 East Water st.

CLARET WINE.

50 CASES SUPERIOR QUALITY JUST received, and for sale cheap by
JNO. W. LEDYARD,
Grocer and Wine Dealer,
161 East Water street.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR sale cheap at LEDYARD'S
Wine and Tea Store.

CHAMPAGNE WINE.

THE LARGEST STOCK IN THIS CITY of all the various brands, at LEDYARD'S
jy27 Wine and Tea Store

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

A DAILY MORNING AND EVENING NEWSPAPER.

INDEPENDENT IN POLITICS.

ITS COLUMNS AFFORD A COMPLETE resume of the World's doings from day to day; while its Correspondence, Reports, Literary Contributions, Criticisms, and leading Articles, represent all topics likely to engage public attention in the promptitude and fullness of its accounts of the

GREAT ITALIAN WAR,

The New York Times has thus far confessedly outstripped all its contemporaries in precedence, which with its ample editorial and other Correspondence at the Seat of War, it will unquestionably retain.

PRICE BY MAIL, SIX DOLLARS A YEAR.

The Semi-Weekly Times,

Is issued on the morning of every Tuesday and Friday, and contains, in addition to the bulk of intelligence given in the Daily Paper,

A LITERARY DEPARTMENT,

Embracing Standard

THE SENTINEL.

DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY & WEEKLY.

RUFUS KING, EDITOR.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 27, 1859.

Republican State Convention.

A Republican State Convention will be held at the City of Madison, in the Assembly Hall of the Capitol on Wednesday, the 31st day of August next, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for State officers to be supported by the party at the ensuing general election; and to transact any other business that may properly come before it.

As the subject of selecting delegates to the next National Convention may be entertained and acted on by the Convention, it is suggested that the people in their primary caucuses, and the district conventions make such expression as will intimate to their delegates and the State Convention, the general sentiment of the State on that subject.

Each Assembly District will be entitled to two delegates in the Convention.

It is recommended that District Conventions for the selection of delegates be held throughout the State, on or before the 28th day of August, and that committees make early calls for that purpose; and it is especially urged that every district be duly represented in the Convention.

H. A. TENNEY,
WM. C. ROGERS,
GREGOR MENZEL,
WINFIELD SMITH,
W. P. LYON,
E. L. PHILLIPS,
GEORGE GARY,
GEORGE L. GRAVES.

The Madison Patriot and the State Treasurer.

For some months past the Madison *Patriot*, which assumes to be the leading organ of Wisconsin Democracy, has indulged in vindictive personal attacks upon Mr. Treasurer HASTINGS. Although these made no impression upon the public and did no injury to Mr. HASTINGS, the near approach of the Republican State Convention and the strong probability that Mr. HASTINGS will be renominated by acclamation for the office which he has so worthily filled, seem to have incited the *Patriot* to fresh assaults upon our State Treasurer. One sample of these will suffice for the whole. It runs thus:

"SET HIM UP.—We see that Hastings is making superhuman efforts to get a re-nomination for the office he now holds, to the disgrace of the State and to the swelling of his own plethoric pockets, and that he has procured the services of several of his party organs to puff him. Set him up, gents; and if he will not be the easiest knocked down of any candidate that ever run in Wisconsin, then we are most sefully sucked in. In "a few days" we shall give ninety-nine good reasons why he should be *nominated*, and the same number of reasons why he should and *would* be licked. We'd like no better fun than to have you "set him up"—trot him out—*set him*—and if we don't show up the most consummate swamp that ever held office in Wisconsin, then you may take our head for a foot ball; nor shall we be governed by our own imagination, but facts—strong, undeniable, unimpeachable, blistering facts, shall we give."

The bitter personal feeling which tinges this article and the blackguard style which pervades it, render it innocuous enough. Against such assaults the State Treasurer needs no defence. But the public are entitled to know the motive for these attacks. It is briefly this:

Once in each year the Commissioners of School and University lands are required to publish a list of all such lands on which the interest due the State is unpaid, and which are therefore liable to forfeiture. The list, comprising the whole of these lands in the State, is required to be published in the paper at Madison in which the laws are officially published, and the list of the respective counties, in some paper in such counties.—The fee for such publication in former years has been 50 cents to each description to each of the two papers publishing it, making one dollar advertising fee for each ten acre lot.

Last year, our readers may recollect, the Commissioners had some trouble in settling with some of the papers, they claiming the regular rates for advertising, which would more than double the amount tendered by the Commissioners. To avoid any more difficulty of that kind, a bill was introduced into the last legislature fixing the fee for such publication definitely at 50 cents for each tract to each paper, except in cases where the number of descriptions did not exceed fifteen, when the fee was to be the same as paid for legal advertising. While this bill was on its passage in the legislature, PUMP CARPENTER, of the *Patriot*, procured some person to insert in it an amendment in these words, or to this effect, "*except the State Paper*," under the impression that such amendment would enable the *Patriot* to demand and obtain regular legal advertising rates for the same, or about *four times* as much as the bill provided for the other papers of the State, in which shape the bill became a law.

The forfeited list for this year is unusually large. At 50 cents for each description, the cost of publishing it in the *Patriot* would be nearly *seven thousand dollars*, while at "legal rates," which the *Patriot* claims, it would reach *twenty thousand dollars*. At the first price, the *Patriot* would clear a handsome profit, say four or five thousand dollars. At the price which the *Patriot* demands, the profit would be *sixteen or eighteen thousand dollars*. This large amount must be paid by the owners of forfeited lands, to the extent that the lands are redeemed, or sold, and the remainder must be paid out of the principal of the School and other Funds. Mr. HASTINGS, as one of the constitutional guardians of the School Fund, feels bound to do all he legally can to prevent this great steal. He believes that the School Fund should be preserved, if possible, from the cormorants who seek to prey upon it. Accordingly he resists the claim of the *Patriot* for a $20,000 job, and will take care that the money is not drawn from the Treasury, except through the intervention of the Courts and the Legislature.

Such is the reason and the sole reason of the Madison *Patriot's* attacks upon Treasurer HASTINGS. We congratulate Mr. HASTINGS upon the persistent enmity of that journal. He could ask no better certificate of character.—The assaults of the *Patriot* injure no man.—Its friendship alone is fatal. The reputation of Mr. HASTINGS, as a most faithful, capable and diligent officer, is familiar to the people of the whole State. Without disparagement to his predecessors, it may safely be said that the Treasury has never had a fitter custodian. He is emphatically "the right man in the right place," and the howlings and revilings of the Madison *Patriot*, because he has fearlessly and impartially done his duty, will commend him more strongly than ever to the confidence and suffrages of the Electors of Wisconsin.

A Caution to Douglas Men.

Since Senator DOUGLAS notified the Democratic Party that he would not accept the Charleston nomination for the Presidency, except upon certain specified conditions, the BUCHANAN organs, North and South, have addressed some pretty sharp rebukes to the "Little Giant" for this piece of contumacy. The *constitution* in particular, the central organ of the Party and the Administration, denounces DOUGLAS without stint and, in a recent issue, gives this note of warning to the Illinois Senator and his backers:

The national Democracy will show at Charleston what they have shown on other notable occasions—that they have a very short and summary method of dealing with disorganizers. If any man from any section of the Union ventures to go thither haughtily to offer to that congress of equals—of men of individual character and personal honor and absolute independence—*his ultimatum*, or a platform constructed to suit his own crotches—if any man goes there determined to produce disaffection, or to exasperate it, we make bold to say, from our knowledge of the course of former Conventions, and from the resolute and independent spirit of Democrats, that such a person will very speedily find out that the liking or dislikings neither of himself nor any other men are material to the harmony of the Convention, or the triumph of the Convention's nominee.

HOPS.—The Cooperstown *Journal* says that within the past week, dealers in that place have purchased about 200 bales of '57 hops, at prices ranging from 4 to 6 cents—and for very prime, 6 1-2 cents. The vine is backward. Growers differ materially in opinion as to the prospects of the coming crop. The general impression is that it will be less than an average.

The Charleston Convention—Prospects of a Lively Time.

The newspapers which advocate the nomination of Senator DOUGLAS, as the next Democratic candidate for the Presidency, begin to anticipate lively times at the Charleston Convention. The New York correspondent of the Buffalo *Republic*, who writes over the signature "SHADE OF SILAS WRIGHT," is decidedly in favor of calling the National Convention at some more Northerly point than Charleston, and for these reasons:

The organ of the S. C. Democracy has said fifty times that if Douglas is nominated the Southern delegates will *bolt* the Convention. What talk is this? In South Carolina that paper speaks *for* the Democracy, for there are few papers in the State.

Another Charleston paper, the *Evening News*, "declares that if the Charleston Convention hesitates about a slave code—and especially if Douglas is in danger of nomination, the Southern delegates will secede, and nominate for themselves." This paper hoists the name of DICKINSON.

Gen. BONHAM, a member of Congress from the 4th Congressional District, delivered an address recently. He says: "We will have neither Douglas or Seward, or any of their stamp. Therefore I hope the Democrats of the North will break off from us. Let them go.—Should the next Presidential election give us *only* a choice of the *two*, our hope lies in a Southern Confederacy. South Carolina will not allow herself to be insulted; her interests sacrificed, her rights disregarded, nor her honor stained."

Now how can Douglas men go to a city, when, in advance, public sentiment has been so uncommonly expressed towards their chief? Calling the Convention at Charleston was a "sprat" to catch a "herring," but the herring won't be caught, won't be even decently civil. If the Convention meet in Charleston and its members express Douglas sentiments they will be insulted, shot down and overawed. I do not think that the lives of Douglas members would be safe, *not* on account of yellow fever, but on account of a maddened, excited population. The *Mercury* on the assembling of the Convention would stigmatize the Douglas delegates as *Abolitionists*. This would be enough to draw down upon such men the vengeance of the *mob*, and all men who *voted* for Douglas or *talked* Douglas, would be murdered, and this is the more probable, as there is no law in South Carolina to punish the murderer of Abolitionist.

This is a pleasant prospect for our Democratic friends. More of those who go to Charleston to support DOUGLAS, are offered the agreeable alternative of being "shot down" by the mob, or carried off by the yellow fever; both mob and yellow fever being got up expressly for the benefit of DOUGLAS Democrats. The correspondent of the *Republic*, however, discovers one preventive that he recommends his DOUGLAS friends to take with them to Charleston. It is this:

If Douglas Delegates go to the Convention at Charleston, their friends must go with them for protection to the extent of 10,000 Douglas men, *armed* and ready to resist the assaults of a Charleston mob, incited to their deadly work by *such* papers as the *Mercury* and *News*, located in Charleston, and *such* speakers as Bonham and Rhett, *who would look upon the killing of forty or fifty Douglas men with as much composure and feel as little remorse about the matter as if forty or fifty mad dogs.*

* * * * * * *

Let the *Mercury*, about the time of the assembling of the Convention, or on the morning on which it meets, publish a list of the Douglas delegates, and report only *one-half* of what it has stated day after day—that Douglas is an abolitionist—that he is worse than Seward—that his doctrines are worse than the Wilmot Proviso, &c., &c., and the Douglas crew were all in a hot fix, and that they deserved death for daring to come to Charleston and foisting an abolitionist on the Democratic Convention, and I assure *you* that before twenty-four hours there will not be a known Douglas man or delegate *alive* in the city of Charleston. A riot, a massacre, and individual assassination would be the response of a Charleston *mob* to the editorials of the Charleston *Mercury*.

We can avoid this by going in a large body, well armed, for a Charleston mob is composed of as great cowards as ever existed, when they come to lynch men who are in numbers, and well armed with Colt's pistols—10,000 men armed, would keep the Charlestonians from imbruing their hands in the blood of the Douglas delegates. Nothing less would. *Remember!*

The *Republic*, while giving currency to its correspondent's, "blood and thunder" prophecies and speculations, seems disinclined to endorse them. But in the contingency of their proving true, the editor says:

Let but a demonstration of that kind be made, and, true enough, *the streets of Charleston would flow with blood like a river*. If it must come to an open rupture—if blood must be shed—if the lives of Northern men must be sacrificed to appease the dictatorial behests of South Carolina, no better time can be named than the year 1860, and on the gathering of the National Convention in the city of Charleston. We insist on going there to hold the Convention, *even* if every other man in the town is dying with yellow fever. Let the North go there strong and stubborn. If they want to fight, give them fight, accommodate them with anything and everything they wish.

The prospect of getting a quorum at Charleston, "if every other man in the town is dying of yellow fever," and the streets, in the event of a row in the Convention, are to "flow with blood like a river," may be set down as doubtful. That sort of entertainment, though it may delight the Southern "chivalry," as the *Republic* intimates, will hardly prove so attractive to the sober democracy of the North. We think, however, that the *Republic* paints the devil blacker than he is, in its sketch of the Charleston Convention for 1860. It is scarcely credible that by way of frightening off the Douglas men, the Southern Fire-Eaters should have both mob and yellow fever on hand. But we shall see what we shall see. Meantime, let the Douglas men be prepared to march "10,000 strong" for Charleston, armed with plenty of ice, to cool down the fever, and attended by a brigade of New York, Boston and Philadelphia Firemen, to disperse the mob. We will back Northern Ice and Firemen against Southern Fevers and Mobs.

NECROLOGY AT HARVARD.—The Boston *Daily Advertiser* published a supplement on Wednesday, with the annual list of obituary notices of those graduates of Harvard College who have died during the past year. It occupies upwards of fifteen columns, and was prepared by Dr. JOSEPH PALMER. The ascertained deaths during the past year have been thirty-nine, being nine more than the previous year. The number of deaths during the academic year ending July, 1851, was forty-two; in 1852, forty-two; in 1853, sixty; in 1854, fifty-one; in 1855, forty-one; in 1856, forty-three; in 1857, forty-eight; in 1858, thirty. The average number for the last nine years is forty-five. Of those who have deceased during the past year, fourteen were lawyers, nine were clergymen, five were physicians, three were merchants, one was a professor, one was a historian, one was an engineer, one was a druggist, and four had no profession. Six of the deceased were graduates of the last century, viz: ABIEL ABBOT, 1787; WILLIAM SAWYER, 1788; ISAAC BRAMAN, 1794; FRANCIS J. OLIVER, 1795; JAMES KENDALL, 1796; PARKER CLEAVELAND, 1799.

THE GIFT OF TONGUES.—Judge EDMONDS writes a long letter to the *N. Y. Tribune*, in which he mentions twelve instances of persons under spiritual influence being enabled to speak fluently languages of which they were before entirely ignorant—among these his own daughter, who knows only English and French, has spoken in French, Greek, Latin, Italian, Portuguese, Polish, Hungarian, and several dialects of the Indian, and they sometimes did not understand what she said, though it was understood by the auditor to whom it was addressed.

Now you See It, and Now you Don't.

The thimble-rig operation just performed by the State Department on the naturalization question is fitly characterized in the following forcible language in that truly able and conservative paper, the Boston *Daily Advertiser:*

"The rapidity and ease with which this change of position has been effected would be somewhat surprising, if we did not remember the constant practice in such manœuvres afforded by the ordinary Democratic tactics.—We should be sorry to do Mr. Cass any injustice; but it is impossible to avoid any suspicion that his assent to the doctrine of the late despatch (which is said by the official organ to contain the views of the 'entire Cabinet') has been influenced to some extent by the serious opposition made to the doctrine announced in his Le Clerc letter. It was impossible that a question of this nature should be framed into an issue upon which to divide parties, or that the mass of the people should enter into it with any great interest. The position which had been taken was one, however, which tended to make the Administration unpopular with a class to which it owes a large share of its support, and which nearly controls the balance of political power.—Mr. Cass, and the Administration which he represents, may possibly now recover their standing with this class, but it will be at a ruinous expense of consistency. They may indeed claim to hold a doctrine which is, as every one admits gratifying to natural pride, plain in its application, and generous towards the foreign-born citizen; but it will be hard for them to escape the imputation of having been driven to it by their opponents, and not led by their own convictions."

MELANCHOLY.—A communication to the Detroit *Tribune* thrillingly recalls the melancholy circumstances of the sudden death of GEO. V. WORTHINGTON, a Conductor on the Great Western Railway, who was killed some years ago. As the train was passing along rapidly Mr. WORTHINGTON leaned forward from one of the platforms to investigate the cause of an unusual rattling under the car, and his head coming in contact with a cattle guard he was instantly killed. His father was on the train, and at Chatham, the next station west from the scene of the accident, his mother was waiting to see her son and husband. The scene at Chatham was heartrending. Both parents were to have accompanied Mr. W. to Buffalo the day subsequent to attend his wedding.

Senator Seward and the English Press.

Few men of the present day, if any, have more constant friends or persistent enemies than the Hon. Wm. H. Seward, United States Senator from this state. With his political opponents nothing he says is right, and everything he does is wrong. Nor are they content with holding him responsible for his own words and acts. But if any admirer lands him without judgment, the silly things such a well meaning friend may utter, are at once attributed to Mr. Seward's own direct inspiration, and charged to his account in the political warfare waged against him. So far as the distinguished Senator himself is concerned, we apprehend no man is more indifferent to such assaults. Our readers are aware that the gentleman is at present on a visit to Europe, where it seems his fame as a public man, an independent thinker and a straightforward statesman had preceded him. Considerable attention has consequently been paid him in England where he first landed, and for some time remained. Some of the London journals, anxious probably to ventilate their marvellous knowledge of the political affairs and general sentiment of the United States, have made his name and visit the text of editorial articles, for which probably Mr. Seward will feel no special gratitude, and for which most assuredly he is no more responsible than the "Man in the Moon," the Governor-General of Jupiter, or the Emperor of Saturn, supposing those distant spheres to be under such administrations.

Among the foremost of these English newspapers is the London *Daily News*.—That Journal, in an editorial article which Mr. Seward's enemies at home have been careful very generally to reproduce, has spoken very freely and in what it deems laudatory terms of the New York Senator, and with more freedom than knowledge of the political sentiment and the prospects of this Union.—The article in question is in that vein of thorough and amusing self-complacency, which with the majority of English journalists seems to be a "second nature." Some of the manifestations of this inordinate self-esteem cannot fail to excite a smile, if they do not provoke a positive guffaw. Hear the Londoner:

"It is understood that Mr. Seward is to be the free-soil candidate for the Presidentship of the United States, and probably the first anti-slavery President. This is sufficiently well known, we believe, to save him from the danger to which many American gentlemen are subject, of leaving this country without having any clear idea of what *our* feelings are about those Powers which, in the face of the most solemn engagements, keep up the slave-trade. * * * *

Let him hear what *we* think and feel.—Let him have *our* sympathy in the objects to which he is pledged—whether as President or only as Senator; and above all, let him have sound reason for hoping that *our* new Foreign Secretary will work cordially with an American President or Minister, who will do his duty in regard to the African slave trade, and also hold to a strict account any official who tampers with the obligations to which the American government is sworn.

* * * * * * *

In the hope of some such beneficial conjunction of authority and of views, *we feel that this is the time to say a few words as to the present aspect of the great question* which must be decided, in some way or other, by the next election, whether the new President be Mr. Seward or another.

* * * * * * *

Mr. Seward comes among us when both sections of his countrymen are not only preparing for revolution, but actually engaged in it, and he may be the man whom his fellow-citizens will choose to be the exponent of the principles which Europe believes will triumph. *Let him see that we have a faith and hope on the subject.*"

The cool impudence of the writer from whom we quote is refreshing, and yet it is surpassed, as we shall hereafter show, by some of the Democratic papers of this country. The London *Journal* which either never thought of its incubrations being reprinted here, or was bent on provoking merriment at the expense of its own ignorance, then goes on to assert that the slave States of the Union are in open revolution; that the election of 1860 will probably decide the fate of the institution of slavery; that the resistance of the fugitive slave law spreads and deepens; that a revolutionary spirit has this year animated all the "*anniversary meetings*, religious, philanthropical, *political and commercial*;" that the South are resolved upon imposing slave institutions upon the whole republic, and that it is intended to extend the Dred Scott decision over the whole Union.—(Possible?)

Such is the nonsense uttered by a London journal second only in circulation and influence to the London *Times*. The ignorance of the London *News* is not likely to be surpassed by any editor of recognised standing in this broad republic, but its cool impudence has, as we have already intimated, found more than one successful rival among our Democratic journals. The Washington *Constitution*, for instance, republishes the whole of this fanfaronade, and then says, "We are convinced that the editor of the London *News* could not have written as he did without a personal understanding with, and by the consent of the New York Senator; and we therefore hold, and hope the American people will hold, Mr. Seward responsible for the article."

We beg leave to tell the Administration's organ that the American people are not such big fools as it takes them to be, or hopes they will become. When the Washington *Constitution* talks in that vein, it only shows that it possesses more zeal than prudence.—Mr. Seward is quite as well known to the American people as to the conductors of the Washington *Constitution*, and better understood by them, and they can never be made to believe that if Mr. Seward had anything to do with the preparation of the article in question, it would have evinced a mighty deal more knowledge of American affairs, and some at least respectable amount of common sense.

But it is really pitiable and mortifying to hear that a journal recognized, if not claiming to be the mouth-piece of the government of this republic, indulges in such absurdities merely on the ground of political antagonism, and still more so to find it gravely informing its readers that "Mr. Wm. H. Seward is formally nominated by the British abolitionists as *their* candidate for the next Presidency of the United States;" that this article in the London *News* is evidence of an arrogant interference of said abolitionists in American affairs, and of a concord existing between them and the abolitionists of this country to bring about a severance of the Union for the profit of British capitalists; and that the one object of Mr. Seward in visiting Europe, is to secure the "free use of British gold in the next Presidential election for the purpose of compassing the villainous designs which he and the British abolitionists have in view."

We repeat that such a line of opposition is unworthy of a government organ, or any newspaper claiming a respectable position in the ranks of journalism. Every one clearly understands that had the London *News* expressed the opposite views—sentiments in conformity with the Southern proclivities of the government and its organ, not a word would have been said about its arrogant interference with our domestic affairs, but its utterences would have been echoed with the utmost deference and sycophantish laudation. The Washington *Constitution*, however, in this matter is "kicking against the pricks." No sensible man on this side of the Atlantic will care a fig what the English papers say of Mr. Seward or any other American statesman, and if our Washington contemporary thinks to whistle Mr. Seward down the wind on the strength of this or any other blatant article in an English newspaper, it will find that it has undertaken more than it can accomplish. Mr. Seward must and will stand before the intelligent people of the United States on his merits and his merits alone. All the journals of Great Britain and Europe combined can neither kill him nor make him alive. They cannot alter one cubit the stature of his public and representative character.

Mr. Seward will never be the favorite of the abolitionists as a candidate for the Presidency. Whether he will yet be the nominee of the Republicans, or others opposed to the extension of slavery, is, the authority of the London *News* notwithstanding, a problem *to be* solved. If he is, though he may not emulate the capacity for transformation which the present incumbent exhibits on the first glad news of his nomination, he will be required to accept, and will accept such nomination as the pledged representative of republican principles, and in that capacity he or any other nominee of the same party will almost certainly be James Buchanan's successor in the Presidential office, not by the free use of British gold, but by the free vote of a free people outraged by the political iniquities and ter-giversations of the present Administration. The political atmosphere is perhaps not yet sufficiently clear for ordinary men to see upon whom the Republican nomination for President, and the Presidential mantle, as a consequence of such nomination, may fall.

The Administration's organ may have extraordinary perception of the future, and the bitterness of its enmity to Mr. Seward may indicate a painful dread of his nomination above that of all other Republican statesmen. Possibly were the *Constitution* satisfied that Mr. Seward would not be the Republican nominee, we should probably find that journal lauding his nomination as the only one fit to be made. Such inconsistencies have appeared in the same journal under another name. Be this as it may, however, the Republicans are not more likely to consult the likes, or dislikes of British abolitionists in their choice of a candidate for the Presidency than they are to take counsel from the Washington *Constitution*. They are competent to manage their own business, and will manage it to the ultimate dissatisfaction and discomfiture of the Administration and its organs. —*N. Y. Commercial Advertiser, July 23.*

James Buchanan for the Next Presidency.

The Pittsburg *Post*, edited by James P. Barr, Esq., has published recently an elaborate article in favor of James Buchanan as the nominee of the Charleston Convention for the next Presidency. At first glance we are inclined to the belief that this is an elephantine joke on the part of the *Post*; but then again, on reflection, the urgency and earnestness of the appeal for Mr. Buchanan's recognition by the Democratic party are too pointed and too serious to escape notice. We are told that Mr. Buchanan is the guiding light of our faith; that his policy is ineffably correct; and that he is to be the next savior of the Union; and we are told in addition, to give piquancy to this *bonne bouche* of journalism, that Mr. Buchanan is the most popular man in the United States. He is the most popular man, we suppose, after the style of the wag who, for a piece of business treachery, drew down upon himself the indignation of the community and left its midst with universal acclaim. And the parable goes still further, for the journals of the East who have shown in the past that they are aware of his future designs tell us without denial in the Constitution, that the political atmosphere of Pennsylvania and especially that of Lancaster seriously affect his political health. How unfortunate a pass this is and how distraught this aged and successful statesman must be at the contemplation of an exile from the home of his birth and the cradle of his fortunes!

But does not Mr. Barr exhibit a wonderful magnanimity in inaugurating this movement? He was a candidate for the Pittsburg post office, and saw the patronage which he expected as the friend and supporter of Mr. Buchanan go to reward another! Certainly, if there is no magnanimity, there is a great deal of malice in the proposition. Why does he push the office-holders so hard who say that Mr. Buchanan will not do for the next nominee? But does he think it is ingratitude on their part to advance the claims of others when they draw their bread and butter from his appointments? Or is the system to be boldly announced and carried out, that the President owns his appointees, body and soul; that they are his pretorians, and not officers of capacity particularly for the discharge of their respective duties in the various government offices?

We are told from official quarters, however, that Mr. Buchanan will not be a candidate. So he said in 1856, when there was nothing so near his heart as a nomination by the Democratic party. When the *Constitution* states that he is not a candidate, let that journal publish as an appendix his letters at that time, from London to gentlemen in Pennsylvania, relieving them from further efforts in his behalf. When he declines the honor, it will be like Cæsar refusing the Imperial crown upon the Lupercal,—for to those who have closely watched events for the past year or two, there can be nothing more clear than his machinations, his proscriptions and threats, for the purpose of driving an unwilling party into his renomination, and there is likewise nothing clearer than the impossibility of such a renomination. He has had a trial, the results of which are widely known, and God forfend that there should be a repetition of the drama of tyranny and wrong government which has been witnessed during his administration. And, just here, there is a question we would like to have answered:

When General Cass and Attorney General Black, of the same Cabinet, hold diverse views on the subject of expatriation, which is to be considered the doctrine of the administration—that of General Cass, that our citizens abroad can be taken wherever found, and impressed into foreign military service, or that of Judge Black? The *Constitution* and the President's pet organ, the *Herald*, advocate the Le Clerc letter and the Cass or Appleton doctrine. Now, as the administration is divided against itself, the State department one way, and the Law department directly and diametrically opposite, the concern, it seems to us, must fall, as the house we are told of in the Scripture fell, which was also divided in itself.—*Chicago Times, (Douglas organ,) July 25.*

Obstruction Placed Upon the Railroad Track—Narrow Escape of a Train and Passengers—The Fiend Arrested—Lynch Law Demanded.

From the Rochester Union, of Friday.

Thursday evening a most diabolical act was perpetrated in the town of Pittsford by a fiend in the form of a man, who placed an obstruction upon the track of the Auburn Division of the N. Y. Central Railroad. Fortunately the design of the wretch was frustrated, and a train nearly due was saved from destruction. And what is next fortunate the villian was arrested and is not likely to repeat the act very soon.

Between five and six o'clock last evening a number of boatmen, who had been to the beach at Bushnell's Basin, were returning to Brighton where boats are lying, and stopped on the railroad track a mile or more this side of Pittsford where a cow had been killed by a locomotive in the afternoon. These men saw a fellow named Joseph Wright—another boatman who belongs in Brighton—draw up from beside the track a heavy bar of T rail and place it upon the rails, but the whole in an oblique position to the track. The wretch who put this obstruction on the track then passed on to his boat which was lying near the look above. The boatmen who saw this rail laid upon the track reported it to Mr. Wheeler and Mr. Eaton, who lived near, and they repaired to the spot and removed the obstruction just in time to save the Mail train, then nearly due, from this city. The rail was placed upon the track at an embankment sufficient to have overturned the whole train if it had been thrown off. The consequences of the catastrophe which must have ensued had the obstruction remained, are fearful to contemplate, for the trains always pass this place at pretty high speed.

The train saved and danger averted, intelligence was sent to Pittsford and measures were taken to arrest the author of the outrage. He was found on his boat by a Pittsford constable, and taken to the village. By the time he arrived, intelligence of the affair had spread among the people, and the greatest indignation was manifested. Some insisted that the fellow should be hung at once, although no movement was made to put the proposition and the criminal into execution. Better counsel prevailed, and he was confined for the night to be examined to-day before Justice Goss.

Wright is a gross, over-grown fellow, about 25 years of age, of brutal instincts. He did not appear to feel much uneasiness at his situation, nor did he manifest any penitence for the wrong he had done. He admitted that he had a faint recollection of putting the bar on the track, but would not say why he did it. He had been to the break, he said, and had taken in too much bad liquor. It does not appear that he was intoxicated when he committed the act, and as the rail was very heavy and a pretty good lift for a strong man sober, it is not likely that a drunken man could get it to the place where Wright carried it.

LATER.—Wright was examined by Justice Goss and fully committed to answer for his offence. He was brought to the city this afternoon and lodged in jail. He appears like a creature, who would not suffer as much to be hung as some men would to be fined six shillings for assault and battery.

He lodged at the Phœnix Hotel, in Pittsford, last night, and slept with handcuffs on, in bed with the constable. Soon after lying down, the officer feigned sleep, to see what Wright would do. The prisoner carefully rose in bed and commenced operating on his irons. When he had made some progress in his work the officer opened his eyes, gave the fellow a blow and persuaded him to remain quiet till morning.

Later intelligence goes to show that the boatmen who saw this rail placed on the track were on their boats, near what used to be the Spring House, and were overlooking the track and what Wright was doing. They called upon Messrs. Wheeler and Eaton in passing their houses to the place where the rail was laid.

☞ COUNTERFEITERS, BEWARE!—A reward is offered for the detection of any person counterfeiting, imitating, or the vender of any such counterfeit or imitation of BOERHAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS. The genuine highly concentrated Holland Bitters, is put up in *half pint bottles only*, having the name of the proprietor, B. PAGE, JR., blown in them, and his signature around the neck of each and every bottle.

This delightful aroma, so popular as a remedy for Fever and Ague, weakness of all kinds, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Headache, Costiveness and Piles, can be obtained from any of our respectable Druggists.

CAUTION!—Beware of imposition See that the name of Benjamin Page, Jr. & Co., sole proprietors Pittsburgh, Pa., is on the label of every bottle.

HENRY PESS, Jr., Wholesale Druggist, 195 East Water street, Wholesale Agent for Milwaukee; sold, also by WM. FINKLER, 77 East Water street, and by Druggists generally. jy21d1w

Dry Goods.

LADIES'

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

DRY GOODS!

Adler & Newbouer

171 EAST WATER STREET,

WILL SELL THE REMAINDER OF THEIR

STOCK OF DRY GOODS AT AUCTION

COMMENCING ON

THURSDAY, JUNE 23,

AND CONTINUE UNTIL

The Entire Stock is Sold Out.

Hours of Sale—10 to 12 A. M., 3 to 5 P. M.

N. B.—All those indebted to the firm are notified to come forward without delay; otherwise the claims will be handed over for collection.

ADLER & NEWBOUER,

171 East Water st., opposite the State Bank.

☞ Goods will be sacrificed at private sale until the above date. jel7

GREAT BARGAINS!

MAY BE EXPECTED, AT

187 East Water Street,

AS THAT

Immense Stock of Dry Goods!!

MUST BE CLOSED OUT!

Without Respect to Cost!!

BY THE ASSIGNEE.

ap19l157dtf JOSEPH UARY, Assignee

Groceries and Provisions.

J. D. ALLCOTT. A. B. ALLCOTT.

ALLCOTT BROTHERS,

FAMILY GROCERS,

22 Chestnut Street,

MILWAUKEE.

Goods Delivered Promptly, Free of Charge

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L. T. CHASE & CO.,

SHIP CHANDLERS & GROCERS,

Wholesale & Retail,

Waldo's Block, Cor. East Water & Chicago Sts.

OFFER IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS:

Manilla Rope, (all sizes);
Russia do do
Tarred Hemp Rope, (all sizes):
Marline, Houseline,
Hambroline,
Spun Yarn,
Lath Yarn,
Cotton Duck, (all numbers):
Tar, Pitch,
Oakum, Oars,
Blocks, Hooks and Thimbles,
Seine Twine,
Paints, Oils, &c., &c.,

And a full assortment of everything usually found in a first-class Ship Chandlery Store.

Aug26dly

JUST RECEIVED, A LARGE LOT OF Two Yarn Manilla, suitable for Sealing and Binding purposes. Also Single Manilla Twine. CHEAP.

L. T. CHASE & CO.

F. JACOBI & CO.,

No. 20 Market Square, Murray's Block

RECOMMEND THEIR WELL KNOWN stock of—

FRENCH AND RHINE WINES,

BRANDIES, ARRAC, RUM AND GIN,

And all other articles in their line of business. Our goods are of the best quality, and we continue to sell the same as heretofore, at the lowest possible prices. Our Location, and some other articles adapted to a Grocery Store, for sale cheap. aug23h10dly

GROCERIES.

THE UNDERSIGNED, OF THE LATE firm of Sinclair & Gunnison, has removed into store No. 2 East Water street, where he will have constantly on hand a general assortment of Groceries, Salts, Glass, White Lead, Dried Fruits, &c., which he will offer low for cash, or prompt paying customers. He will be pleased to see any of the friends of the old concern, and as many new ones as may favor him with a call. W. G. SINCLAIR.

Milwaukee, April 25th, 1859. apr25d3m01205

EDWARD TRUSLOW,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUITS

Teas, Tobacco, Fish, &c.,

119 East Water St., Milwaukee, Wis.

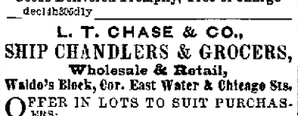
HAVING A BUYER CONSTANTLY IN the New York market, has facilities for offering Goods unsurpassed by any House in the West. je22g802dly

Dissolution Notices.

NOTICE.

WILLIAM CLARKE AND JOHN H. JONES have this day formed a co-partnership under the style and name of CLARKE & JONES, to carry on the Mason business, and we will give our personal attention to all work that we may be favored with. jy14d93dlw

Livery & Boarding Stables.



J. H. BUTLER. D. T. POST.

LIVERY & BOARDING STABLE.

Foot of Mason St. near the old Post Office.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE REMOVED their stock from the stable formerly occupied by them, corner of Main and Huron streets, to the old establishment, foot of Mason street, thus consolidating the two into one, making the largest and best appointed Livery establishment in the entire West. We shall be glad to see our friends and customers, and feel confident that we can furnish them with as good and stylish a turnout as any similar establishment in the city. Particular attention given to furnishing Carriages and Hearses for funerals. Thankful for past patronage, we hope to meet a continuance of the same. BUTLER & POST.

mar26d145d3m



McINTOSH.

TAKEN FROM THE LIBRARY OF the Milwaukee Horticultural Society, a volume of McIntosh's Book of the Garden. The holder will please return it to Mr. D. Ferguson without delay. Members having other Books or Magazines are requested to hand them to Mr. F. by order,

CHARLES GIFFORD, Librarian pro tem.

☞ *Wisconsin* copy (3). jy6d95dtf

F. F. HORNING'S

PLANING AND FLOORING MILL,

AND SASH, DOOR AND BLIND FACTORY, at the old stand, east side of Milwaukee river, between Mason and Oneida streets, opposite Lindsay & Co.'s Lumber Yard. Seasoned Sash and Doors always on hand and for sale at the lowest cash prices. Also all kinds of Mouldings for sale. jy18d156dly

ISINGLASS.—COOPER'S REFINED, in sheet and shred for sale by EDWARD TRUSLOW, 119 East Water St.

Drugs and Medicines.

H. BOSWORTH & SONS,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS

OFFER FOR SALE

5 Baskets Annatto, Prime
10 bbls Bath brick,
6 bbls Refined Borax,
5 bbls Pow'd Cream Tartar,
20 bbls Glue, assorted,
2 cases Gum Arabic, select,
5 bbls Refined Camphor,
2 cases Gum Shellac, "Campbell's"
3 cases Calabria Liquorice,
10 bbls Irish Moss, Bleached,
5 bales Liquorice Root,
5 bales Sarsaparilla Bonds,
100 bales Powdered E. I. Rhubarb,
10 bbls Flor Sulphur,
20 bbls Carb Ammonia,
20 bbls Epsom Salts,
50 bbls Ricard Soda,
10 cases Sal-Soda,
10 bbls Alum,
15 bbls Copperas,
10 cases Pow'd Tartaric Acid,
5 bbls Blue Vitrol,
2 bbls Molder Umbro,
25 bales Terra Japonicea. ob15

WE OFFER TO SOAP MAKERS

SODA ASH,
SAL SODA,
PALM OIL,
and ROSIN,

In full packages, at the lowest market rates.

je22 H. BOSWORTH & SONS, Wholesale Druggists.

150 LBS. MERCURY JUST RECEIVED by H. BOSWORTH & SONS

200 BOXES 8X10 GLASS, JUST RECEIVED by rail at BOSWORTH & SONS.

JOHN RICD,

WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,

No. 83 East Water Street, Milwaukee.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED FROM PITKIN & BROTHERS, of Louisville, a supply of mixed BIRD SEED, (Canary) Hemp, Millet and Rape, put up in small packages, suitable for retailing, 50 packages in a box, which I can sell at a low figure. Also a full supply of

JAPONICA,
GUM CAMPHOR,
EPSOM SALTS,
GLAUBER SALT,
SULPHUR,
ALUM,
CREAM TARTAR,
BAKING SODA,
LICORICE,
BATH BRICK,
CASTOR OIL,
OLIVE OIL,
OPIUM,
QUININE,
MORPHINE,
ALCOHOL,
BURNING FLUID,
CAMPHENE,
TURPENTINE,
MACHINE OIL,
LINSEED OIL,
WHITE LEAD,

And a full assortment of DRUGS, Patent Medicines, Glass Ware, Spices, &c., &c. aug8

DRUGS AND MEDICINES

HENRY PESS, JR.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGIST,

195 East Water Street, Milwaukee.

20 BARRELS WINTER BLEACHED Whale Oil, for sale by HENRY PESS, Jr., Druggist.

BOERHAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS. 5 gross received and for sale by HENRY PESS, Jr., Druggist. jan19 Wholesale Agent for Milwaukee.

REED'S BAKING POWDERS, FOR sale by the gross or

Special Notices.

A CARD TO THE "LADIES."

Dr. Duponco's Golden Periodical Pills

FOR FEMALES.

THE COMBINATION OF INGREDIENTS in Dr. Duponco's Golden Pills are perfectly harmless. They have been used in the private practice of old Dr. Duponco for over thirty years, and thousands of ladies can testify to their great and never failing success in almost every case, in correcting irregularities, relieving painful and distressing menstruation, particularly at the change of life. From five to ten pills will cure that common yet dreadful complaints, the Whites. Nearly every lady in the land suffers from that complaint. The above pill has permanently cured thousands, and will cure you if you use them. They cannot harm you, on the contrary, they remove all obstructions, restore nature to its proper channel, and invigorate the whole system. Ladies whose health will not permit an increase of family, will find these pills a successful preventative. Pregnant Females, or those supposing themselves so, are cautioned against using these pills while pregnant, as the proprietor assumes no responsibility after the above admonition although their mildness would prevent any mischief to the health—otherwise, these pills are recommended. Full and explicit directions accompany each box. Price $1,00 per box. H. BOSWORTH & SONS,

Wholesale Agents for Milwaukee.

They will supply the trade at Proprietor's prices, and furnish circulars, and show cards. Sold also by H. Fess, jr., 196 East Water St., J. M. Alcott 208, J. H. Tesch, 9 Spring St., and C. H. Gardiner & Co., 19 Spring St. "Ladies" by enclosing $1,00 to H. Bosworth & Sons, or either of the above Agents, can have the above Golden Pills sent to any part of the country (confidentially) by mail.

N. B.—Be particular in asking for Dr. Duponco's Golden Pills, and remember, they are not a secret nostrum, every agent is given the receipt composing the Pills, and they will tell you they are the best and safest Pill for Females, ever introduced since the science of Medicine dawned upon the world

sep21n227d&wly.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!

DON'T FAIL TO PROCURE MRS. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething. It has no equal on earth. It greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflamation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful Female Physicians in New England, and has been used with never failing success in millions of cases.

We believe it is the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arise from teething or from any other cause.

Life and health can be estimated by dollars and cents, it is worth its weight in gold.

Millions of bottles are sold every year in the United States. It is an old and well tried remedy.

PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.

☞None genuine unless the fac simile of CURTIS & Perkins, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world. Office No. 3 Under street New York.

Sold in Milwaukee by John Rice.

feb24tr52w&twly.

R. R. R.

QUICK CURES OF BILIOUS COLIC.—This distressing complaint demands prompt attention. It will readily yield to the R. R. R. treatment. Whenever you find bile rising from the stomach, or a sour taste after belching, take three or four of R. R. REGULATORS, likewise one-half a teaspoonful of READY RELIEF, every 20 minutes; rub the bowels, back and spine well with the Ready Relief; also lay a flannel wet with Relief across the Bowels. In fifteen minutes you will be free from the distressing pain: the violent spasms will be arrested, and vomiting entirely stopped. In three hours a pleasant operation of the bowels will take place, and your whole system will become regulated and healthy.

Persons who indulge in too much green fruit, or cabbage, or unripe vegetables, and indigestible meats, should take a dose of RADWAY'S REGULATORS after eating, and they will prevent violent attacks of colic. Keep the stomach clean and pure from acid, the Bowels and Liver regular, and no sickness will trouble you—R. R. Relief to neutralize acid: R. R. Regulators to regulate the system. R. R. R. Office, 162 Fulton st.

R R R is sold by O. Harrington, Bosworth & Sons L. P. Lake, and J. H. Tesch, Milwaukee, and by druggists everywhere. jy3daw2w

Clothing.

NEW

SPRING GOODS

—AT—

SWAFFIELD'S

Clothing Emporium!

196 EAST WATER STREET.

may6l249d1y

JAMES A. SWAIN,

OF THE LATE FIRM OF MAGIE & SWAIN, will remain at the old stand,

No. 93 East Water Street,

Where he will be happy to welcome the patrons of the former house. apl21l294d1y

Saddlery Hardware, &c.

1859.—SPRING OF—1859.

136 EAST WATER STREET,

GEO. DYER & CO.,

HAVE ON HAND ALTOGETHER THE most extensive and complete Stock of

SADDLERY HARDWARE,

AND CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS.

To be found in the State. In our Stock may be found all articles used by Saddle and Harness Makers, Carriage Trimmers and Trunk Makers, and to which we respectfully call the attention of the trade.

We keep on hand more than 100 varieties of Saddles, including

SIDE, SPANISH, PAD, COLUMBIAN, AMERICAN AND ENGLISH SADDLES.

All kinds of TEAM, WAGON, BUGGY, CARRIAGE and COACH HARNESS.

Horse Collars of every description and quality.

WHIPS, BLANKETS, NETS, BELLS,

and every article used in connection with horses.

We are constantly receiving additions to our Stock, and will continue to keep a complete assortment of best goods, and sell as low as can be bought in the West. To strangers visiting Milwaukee, we would say, our intention is to do business in such a manner as will satisfy all who give us a trial.

To our old customers we believe it is only necessary to say, we shall conduct our business on the same principles as heretofore, and thankful for past favors respectfully solicit their continuance. jel5l94awly

COACH & SADLERY HARDWARE

BARNES BROTHERS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

No. 6 Albany Block,

WOULD INVITE THE ATTENTION of the trade to their large and superior stock of

Saddlery Hardware,

—AND—

CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS,

Saddles, Collars,

Patent and Enameled Leather,

Enamelled Cloths, all qualities,

Whips, Horse Covers, Fly Nets, &c.,

Carriage Bows, Axles,

Malleable Iron, &c.,

Hows, Felloes, Spokes, Shafts, Hubs, &c., of the best Eastern timber.

300 SADDLES.

Just received from one of the largest Eastern manufactories, the quality and workmanship unsurpassed to which we would invite special attention.

☞ Our Stock throughout will be found complete, and offered at the lowest prices.

BARNES BROTHERS,

nov23h465dly Michigan st., opposite Newhall House

Paper Hangings, &c.

COLLINGBOURNE'S

WALL PAPERS.

WINDOW SHADES & FIXTURES

Brushes, and Artist's Colors,

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS,

AND

PAPER HANGERS,

276 MAIN STREET - - - - - MILWAUKEE

WISCONSIN

TRUNK MANUFACTORY.

CORNER CLYBOURN AND West Water sts., and in Young's Block, Wisconsin street, where the public can find a large assortment of Trunks and Valises of every description. Our work is substantial, and all articles warranted as represented when sold.

☞ Trunks made to order, covered or repaired.

ap261385d&wo JOHN K. COUDE.

FILTERS! FILTERS!! FILTERS

KEDZIES RAIN WATER FILTERS

Just received and for sale at Blake's Purgeon-ny stand No. 161 East Water Street. my2

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Terms of the Sentinel.

CASH, INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

DAILY, delivered in City, per annum	$7,00
do do do six months	4,00
do do do three months	2,00
do do do per week	15
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To clubs of four (to one address) per annum	5,00
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Italian War Song.

The correspondent of the Newark *Mercury*, writing from Florence under date of June 24th, thus describes the feeling in Italy and gives a specimen of their war-songs:

Enthusiasm in the cause of Italian Independence does not abate a jot in Florence; nor are the ladies a whit behind their lords in expression of patriotism. Lint and bandages continue to occupy fair hands and the places of embroidery and worsted work frames, in the *boudoir*. Tri-colored *toilettes* are *a-la-mode*, and cockades the decorations of the patriotic youth; while the people give vocal demonstrations in the streets. Every evening at the hour of changing patrol, crowds assemble in the old Ducal Squares, and thence march through the town with the guards, singing in stirring harmony that wakes even the sleeping hills, the new national song, of which the following is a pretty literal translation, though the words are nothing without the martial strains of the music and the spirit of the vocalists:

War Song of the Soldier of Italy.

"All' armi! All' armi!"
To arms, to arms, brave comrades,
Our ranks are close and steady,
With steel and cannon ready
To deal the death-boils round.
Trumpets are sounding,
Echoes rebounding;
Italy's rounding
Vibrates afar.
Hurrah for Italy!
Hurrah for the war!
Marche...tra...tra...

Up with the tri-colored Banner!
Our kingly chief shall right us;
Does prince hope to subjugate us?
And God shall lead us on!
Trumpets are sounding;
Echoes rebounding;
Italy's rounding
Vibrates afar.
Hurrah for Italy!
Hurrah for the war!
Marche... tra... tra...

We'll face our foes unfearing,
Who that's a man would shun them!
Come sword in hand, upon them!
Our life is in the war.
Trumpets are sounding!
Echoes rebounding;
Italy's rounding
Vibrates afar.
Hurrah for Italy!
Hurrah for the war!
Marche tra...tra...

SUICIDES OF WEALTHY MEN.—WORCESTER, July 19.—The repeated suicides of wealth and well-known citizens of this city and vicinity within a week, is the subject of universal conversation, and naturally awakens much feeling. Mr. E.H. Hemmenway, who hung himself last Friday, at the residence of his sister, Mrs. Dr. Workman, was the possessor of property to the amount of one hundred thousand dollars, and was unmarried. He was President of the People's Mutual Insurance Company, but on the Monday previous to his death had resigned the office, but at the time of his death his resignation had not been accepted. He had also, until recently discharged the duties of Treasurer of that Company.

A few weeks ago Mr. Colton, the Quaker nursery man, was chosen treasurer, and it is rumored that this action of the Company had so worked upon the mind of the ex-treasurer, that he continually fancied that some persons were endeavoring to ruin him. It was undoubtedly under the effect of such fear that he put an end to his life. In 1851 he made a will, giving to Mrs. Workman, his only sister, one-half the Lincoln House estate, together with $6,000 to clear it of its incumbrance; $4,000 to each of the children of Dr. Workman; $4,000 to a niece, the wife of a Providence cashier, the residue of his estate to be equally divided between Mrs. Workman and the niece aforesaid. The legacy will give them nearly $50,000 apiece.

Yesterday morning the suicide of Mr. John Smith, of Barre, followed close upon the burial of Mr. Hemmenway. Mr. Smith was a well-known citizen, of great wealth, and for the last year had resided most of the time in this city, boarding at one of our hotels. He has been an extensive manufacturer, and was well known in all the business circles of New England. Being a man of remarkable good nature and humor, ready at all times to give and take a joke, never appearing melancholy, but always cheerful and happy, surrounded by all that tends to make one happy, the news of his death, by his own hands, fell with double force upon his numerous friends and associates. He leaves a fortune of from two to three hundred thousand dollars, and a wife and two sons. He was sixty-four years of age.—*Boston Atlas.*

THE HOLLAND COLONY HARBOR ON LAKE MICHIGAN.—The idomitable Hollanders are prosecuting the construction of the harbor at the mouth of Black River, on Lake Michigan, with characteristic energy and success. They have already extended substantial piers three hundred feet into the lake, on both sides of the outlet, and will extend them some three hundred feet further the present season, to ten feet depth of water. Next season, they propose to extend these piers four hundred feet further into the lake, when it is expected the current will make a channel of from twelve to fourteen feet deep, from their docks in the village on Black Lake to Lake Michigan, and give them one of the best harbors on any of the upper lakes.

The current through the canal, cut one hundred and seventy feet wide and six deep, through the point or tongue of land which separated Black Lake from Lake Michigan, and the two piers, some two hundred and fifty feet long by forty feet wide, all constructed during last year, has washed out the channel to a depth sufficient to admit of steamers and vessels passing through to their docks this season. The arrival of steamboats at their docks this season, for the first time, was the occasion of great rejoicing by the people of Holland, and of gratitude to those who had aided them in their untiring labor to make a harbor and an outlet for their surplus productions.

The opportunity given the Hollanders by Republican legislation to construct their canal and piers, has saved the colony to the State. The colonists had so many years depended on Gen. Cass and "Democratic" administrations to improve their harbor, and had been so many years disappointed, that they had become discouraged. The aid given them by the Republicans, however, has given them new hopes and placed them in a prosperous condition. They are now making the necessary drains through the swamp lands given them by the last legislature to aid in the construction of their harbor, which they inform us will be ample to complete it.

One and a half millions of oak staves have been shipped this year from that colony alone. Another year their exports will be increased several hundred fold. Success and prosperity attend the energetic Hollanders!—*Detroit Tribune.*

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HATS, CAPS, AND FURS,

Manufactured and Sold at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

—BY—

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OWING TO THE LOW PRICE OF LABOR, caused by the scarcity of money, I shall hereafter be able to furnish the Citizens of Milwaukee with a very superior quality and the style of SILK HATS of my own manufacture, at the low price of FOUR DOLLARS.

I shall make as heretofore, a Five Dollar Hat, but of a much better quality.

Hats made to order at the shortest notice, and warranted to fit to a T, or no sale.

☞ Remember the place, 162 East Water St.

oct13d369d1y J. A. BENEDICT

French and Italian Languages.

REV. J.B.PEDELUPE, CITY MISSION ary among the Germans and other Foreigners, in order to sustain himself in his Mission, wishes to have some scholars to whom he would teach the above named Languages. Any word left for him at the Post Office, or at his residence, 355 Third street, Second Ward, opposite the La Crosse & Milwaukee Passenger Depot, will meet with prompt attention.

☞ He is also building a Church in the Sixth Ward, corner of Fifth and Walnut streets, for which he solicits aid. mar28w17d3m

FOR PORT WASHINGTON,

Sheboygan, Manitowoc & Two Rivers.

THE STEAM'R GAZELLE, Capt. T. G. Bullin, will make regular trips to above ports, leaving our dock morning at 8 o'clock. JOHNSON & OLMSTED, Agents.

ap81024tf

NEW FIGS, A LOT OF NEW TURKEY Figs, very handsome, just received and for sale by EDWARD TRUESLOW, 191 East Water St.

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CARPENTER & GRIDLEY.

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CARY & PRATT,

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JNO. L. DORAN. [my18l39d3m] SIMON LEVY.

UPHAM & GRAHAM,

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WATCHES AND JEWELRY!

MAY BE FOUND IN great variety at the well-known Jewelry House of

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Corner of East Water and Mason Streets.

WE HAVE ON HAND A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, Ladies' and Gents' Jewelry of all kinds, Silver and Plated Ware, Clocks of all descriptions, and, in short the thousand articles that make up a well appointed establishment of the kind, all of which we intend to sell at the lowest possible prices.

☞ Repairing of fine pieces and jewelry, and engraving, as usual, in the very best manner and warranted. decl CH. PREUSSER & BROTHER.

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TO DEALERS AND COUNTRY MERCHANTS. A large assortment of Jewelry of new styles. Watch materials, tools and glasses at wholesale. sep23 A. B. VAN COTT.

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THE NEW AMERICAN WATCH,

Of Appleton, Tracy & Co., Boston.

THIS WATCH IS GUARANTEED BY Appleton, Tracy & Co., to be made of the best material, on the most approved principle, and possesses every requisite for a reliable Time Keeper. For any defect in material or workmanship, or performance, under fair use, I as at times hold myself responsible. And many applications are already for said Watch, the first lot having been sold in a very short time. I received a large quantity of them yesterday, and offer them to the public at very low rates.

dec23 A. B. VAN COTT.

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MATSON & LOOMIS.

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PRICE, $50! $50! $50! $50!

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WITH A GLANCE AT THE HISTORY and contrast of character between the Teuton or Saxon and the Celtic Race.

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Also Ledger Papers, Flat Caps, Folio Post, Letter and Note Papers, which will be sold very low. Constant additions will be made to the stock, to meet the wants of the trade.

☞ All kinds of paper made to order on very short notice. Printers and others are invited to call and examine our stock and prices.

HANFORD, BLACKMARR & CO.

Milwaukee, April 1st, 1859. ap1d3m

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STOVES, RANGES,

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In any shape desired, and dealers in all kinds of

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In large or small quantities, constantly on hand.—A large assortment of

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CAMPHENE & BURNING FLUID.

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BEST OF GOODS,

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Milwaukee, June 1859. je9l365-d1y

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BOYNTON'S SELF-CLEANING FURNACES, for heating Churches, Stores, Public and Private Buildings; to burn wood and coal. Parlor Grates and Stoves, Cooking Ranges, Hot Air Registers and Ventilators. may6

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Iron Work of all Descriptions.

At short notice and low prices. Iron and Brass Castings. JOB WORK of all descriptions made to order with despatch. Orders solicited.

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22	" " "	Desert "
42	" " "	Tea "
8	" " "	Butter Knives;
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Also,

20 Boxes Tin Plate;

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my30 ALTON & AYRES.

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Mr. Hale continues his old business of making rough ways smooth, and is prepared to furnish earth from the river, and clean coarse gravel for walks and streets. Also, sand for bricklayers and plasterers.

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je23 3456d1m

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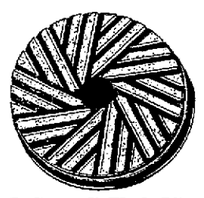
FOR FAMILIES AND LIGHT MANufacturing purposes. Also, Machines for manufacturing BOOTS, SHOES and GARMENTS of every description, constantly on hand. Western Office, 66 Lake St., Chicago. A. W. HARRIS, Agent.

Commission Agents wanted. mar12n968dm

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OF ALL QUARRIES,

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C. W. BROWN'S PATENT PORTABLE

FLOURING AND GRIST MILLS,

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DUTCH AEKER BOLTING CLOTHS,

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Separators for Warehouses,

Beltings of all kinds,

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Bran Dusters, Pecks, Proof Staffs, &c., &c.

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—AND—

Mill Furnishing Generally.

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The subscribers having obtained the agency for the sale of Steam Engines and Boilers, from the Manufactory of Goulding, Bagley & Sewell, OF WATERTOWN, N. Y.,

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5 horse power	$500	20 horse power	$1,200
8 " "	575	25 " "	1,500
10 " "	775	30 " "	1,675
12 " "	900	35 " "	2,000
16 " "	1100	40 " "	2,200

and in like proportion for larger sizes as required.

Every Engine is furnished with

HUDSON'S PATENT GOVERNOR VALVE.

For Flour Mills, we confidently recommend them as superior to any other style of Engine, and they will

Save from 25 to 50 per Cent. in Fuel.

Over the usual class of Boilers in use at the West. We shall keep an assortment of different sizes at our establishment, where they may be examined and the necessary information obtained regarding them. Correspondence will, if desired, be furnished to set up and start Engines, in any part of the country. We will also supply

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AT VERY LOW RATES,

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Mill Furnishing Depot, West Water Street, between Randolph and Madison, Chicago.

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PRINTED WITH APPROPRIATE

—AND—

Beautiful Brands!

SIMEON FARWELL.

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From Rounds & Langdon's Agency.

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SIGHT AND HEARING



DR. F. A. CALDWELL

FORMERLY OF TORONTO, C. W., now of Chicago, Ill., the eminent and skillful operator on the

EYE AND EAR,

At No. 92 Randolph street, Chicago, is now working miracles in the way of restoring

LOST SIGHT AND HEARING.

Upwards of TWO HUNDRED have been received by Dr. C. within the last four weeks, many of whom have been blind, others deaf, others have had their sight restored instantly by DELICATE AND PAINLESS OPERATIONS, while others, who have been sufferers from disease, have been miraculously cured by mild and gentle treatment.

The press speaks of him. Dr. C.'s services are appreciated, that he is daily receiving new patients from all parts of the country, and dismissing, as cured, his early received cases.

No Fee is required for an examination or opinion. No CHARGE for services that are NOT SUCCESSFUL, and will confirm the fact that a fee is received. Dr. Caldwell's TREATISE ON THE EYE AND EAR to be had GRATIS on application as above.

apr21n956eom

Corn Exchange Bag Manufactory.

NEW YORK AND CHICAGO.

HART, ASTEN & CO.,

157 SOUTH WATER ST, CHICAGO

Manufacturers and Dealers in

BAGS

OF E

MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL, WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 27, 1859.

THE SENTINEL.

COMMERCIAL.

TUESDAY, July 26th, 1859.

Money Matters, &c.

We have no new feature of interest to notice in the money market. Exchange is in good supply, but will doubtless be maintained at the present rates for some considerable time to come. It is selling at 1¾ prem. on New York. Gold sells at the same price. The supply of currency is far beyond the demand, and until the new crop begins to move, it is not likely to be called into use. But discounts are therefore easily obtained on good paper at the usual rate of interest. As may be supposed from this condition of things, brokers' loaning business at present is confined to second class paper. Outside rates for money are, nominally, 1 to 2 ₰ cent a month.

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET TO-DAY.—We have the following report of the doings in the New York Money and Stock Markets to-day, by telegraph:

The *Post* says that the stock exchange is even duller than it was yesterday, especially in the railroad shares, which are pressed for sale with considerable freedom. The heaviness is noticeable in the State stocks, these being less enquired after than before receipt of peace news. The *Commercial* says that the interest coupons due August 1st, on $1 classes of bonds of the Michigan Southern & Northern Ind R. R. Co., and on the bonds of the Detroit, Monroe & Toledo R. R., will be paid on that day at Commercial Exchange Bank.

There is rather more general trade in dry goods market this week. The business, however, is as yet chiefly with out-of-town buyers—the city jobbers continuing to hold back. Prices are yet generally maintained, except for low foreign wares, adapted to the use of the manufacturing clothiers, who have now made up the bulk of their stock.

The *Express* says at the close of the day money was more in demand and rates decidedly in favor of the lender. The amount of exchange drawn by the Boston steamer was moderate and the market closed dull.

Breadstuffs, &c.

The following table shows the movements of breadstuffs at this point for the past 24 hours:

Receipts.

By, M&Mis RR	Flour, Wheat, bbls.	Oats, bus.	Corn, bus.	Barley, bus.	Rye bus.
	76	1,515	290		325

Shipments.

To Oswego	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bus.	Oats, bus.	Corn, bus.	Barley, bus.	Rye bus.
		19,140				

Holders of wheat do not seem inclined to submit to any further decline. In fact the market has already got down so low as to be beyond ordinary influences. The only sale to-day was 700 bus No. 1 spring at 55c. Yesterday's quotations were offered for extra club, but we have no transactions to record. The dominant feeling amongst dealers just now, is that of decided indifference about operating to any extent. No sales of flour occurred. There was some enquiry for oats, and 25c freely offered for good qualities. Corn was still inactive. Well dried rye sells at 50c, but buyers will not touch that which is damp or imperfectly cured. Nothing doing in other grain. Highwines declined ½c. Wool firm, and very little on market.

CHICAGO, JULY 25.—Receipts: 1,099 bbls flour; 3,592 bus wheat, 34,597 bus corn, 3,084 bus oats, 893 bus barley. Shipments: 804 bbls flour, 35,643 bus corn, 17,216 bus oats.

The news of peace brought by the steamer had a depressing effect on breadstuffs this morning; and for a time a panic took place, in which corn declined 5@6c, and wheat 1@2c. After the news was fully digested, however, wheat rallied, with moderate sales of about 30,000 bushels in all changed hands, at 90c for unInspected new red winter on track; 73c for No. 2 red on track; 80½@83c for standard spring in store; and 49c for No. 2 spring, closing nominal at 52c a demand. In winter grades there were but few transactions—buyers and sellers being 3@5c apart on the better qualities. Flour was dull with limited sales of white winter at $5.25@6.50, and spring extra at $4.50. Corn was very active at the decline noted above. About eighty thousand bushels changed hands at 57c free on board for canal; 56@58c for No. in store; and 49c for rejected. In the afternoon, owing to a demand, "short sellers," and to fill cargoes, the market stiffened—closing at 55@56c for 1 in store. Oats dull and lower, with sales of No. 1 at 25@26c in store. Rye declined 4@5c, with sales at 50@52c. Barley 60 bus of small lot of No. 1 barley was sold at 85c in bags. Highwines declined 1@2c, with sales at 22½@23c. Hides more active at previous quotations. Wool quiet but firm.

MILWAUKEE DAILY MARKET.

Tuesday—7 P. M.

FREIGHTS—Sch. *Empire State* takes a cargo of oats to Oswego at 3½c.

FLOUR—Nothing doing. Country spring extras nominal at $3,75@4,00.

WHEAT—Market unsettled and dull. Sales 700 bus No. 1 spring at 55c.

OATS—Steady with a fair demand. Sales 500 bus at 25c.

CORN—Shelled nominal at 60c.

RYE—We note a sale of 320 bus new rye at 50c. One or two other lots sold at the same figure, but were rejected, on account of not being perfectly dry.

POTATOES—But very few old potatoes are to be found in market; new are selling at 75 to 80c.

EGGS—Dull at 8@9c by the bbl.

HIDES—Steady at 7¾@8c for green; 5½@9c for salted; 14@15c for dry salted, 15@18c for dry flint, 10@11 for green and salted calf, and 15@19c for dry calf.

BUTTER—In good supply. Sales 1,500 lbs firkin at 10c. Fresh roll remains worth 12@14c.

HIGHWINES—3½c lower. Sales 110 bbls at 21½c.

WOOL—Scarcely any in market. Prices unchanged the range being about 25 to 42c for common domestic full blood fleece.

RECEIPTS BY MILWAUKEE & MISSISSIPPI RAILROAD, July 26.—76 bbls flour, 1,515 bus wheat, 290 bus corn, 325 bus rye, 1,370 lbs hides, 4,000 lbs hay, 7,370 lbs sundries, 3,015 lbs wool, 1 bbl eggs, 40 lbs butter.

NEW YORK MARKET.
[By Telegraph.]

New York, July 26—6 P. M.

FLOUR—Market heavy, and 5@10c lower on common grades, while medium grades are steady; sales 9,400 bbls at 4,70 for superfine state; 4,80@5,00 for extra do; 4,60 for superfine western; 4,25@5,20 for common to good western; 5,00@5,05 for extra do; 5,00@5,30 for fresh ground shipping brands of extra round hoop Ohio; closing heavy. Rye Flour dull.

WHEAT—1@2c lower; sales 6,000 bus new white southern at 1,51; Chi spring 72c; and new red southern at 1,20@1,23.

RYE—Lower; sales 4,000 bus. at 80c.

BARLEY—Quiet.

OATS—Heavy; sales 19,000 bush at 35c for old mixed western; 50@52c for new do; 38c for choice yellow southern.

CORN—Lower and dull at 41@42c.

WHISKEY—Lower and dull at 25c.

PORK—Market heavy, but without change; 11,00 for mess; 14,50 for prime; 13,00 for thin mess; 15,25@15,50 for clear.

BEEF—Sales 50 bbls at 6@5.75 for c prime; 8@9 for old mess; 9,50@18,50 for repacked Chi; and 10,50@15,00 for extras. Prime mess beef is dull at 18,00@24. Beefhams quiet at 15@18.

LARD—Dull.

CUT MEATS—Dull; sales 12b pkgs at 3½c for shoulders; 5¾ for hams.

LARD—Unchanged.

BUTTER—Firmer with good demand, at 12 for State.

CHEESE—Plenty, and rather heavy at 8@8½c.

STOCKS—Active and firmer; Tenn 83; Hudson 2d 92; Gal & Chi 1st 92; Fur Mail 70¾; Fan 116; N Y C 74; Harlem 38½; Cleveland & Toledo 24½; Chi & R I 61½; Mich C 42; I C 66½; Mo 6's 83½.

BUFFALO MARKET.

BUFFALO, July 26—6 P. M.

FLOUR—Good brands steady; low grades dull and easier; sales 1,000 bbls at 3,81½@3,75 for ordinary to good extra Illinois; 4,25@4,50 for extra Wisconsin; 5,00@5,25 for extra Mich, Ind and Ohio; 5,25@6,25 for double extras.

WHEAT—Confined wholly to small milling lots.

CORN—A shade easier; sales 10,000 bush No. 1 ill from store at 65; closing heavy.

OATS—Lower; holders ask 40c, and buyers offer 35c.

WHISKEY—Steady; sales 500 bbls.

CANAL FREIGHTS—Steady.

LAKE IMPORTS—5,000 bbls flour, 6,000 bus wheat, 2,000 bus corn.

CANAL EXPORTS—850 bbls flour; 5,800 bush wheat.

ARRIVALS OF MERCHANDIZE.

Per Propeller Free State—Western Transportation Co.—W. F. Hurd, Agent, M. & M. R. R. Dock.

FOR THE CITY.—E Ehlefelt, 2 casks crockery; Cordes & Co, 6 box h ware; J L Davis, 3 txs goods; Hobart & Co, 1 case tobacco; W & S Ross, 1 bdl skins; Bosworth & Son, 2 bxs drugs, 2 do glass ware; A G, 10 box dsh; Barnes & Bro, 1 bx h ware; Cordes & Co, 36 half bbls 4 bxs fish; A G, 14 bbls rice; N Brick, 17 bdls clothing; Noonan & McNab, 1 bale paper; Bosworth & Sons, 8 bags corks; B & Co, 5 bxs fish; McGrew & Bro, 8 bbls sugar; H & Co, 1 bdl 5 bxs raisins, 5 bxs fruit; Western Co, 10 bbls oil, 2 do do, 2 cases paper; H J N & Co, 40 bdls iron; W H Towsons, 3 boxes; Barnes & Bro, 5 bxs h ware; J R & Co, 6 casks rice; Semons & Doy, 7 grain rappers, 7 hoppers, 7 frames, 1 box; P, 29 bbls d apples; E Miller, 10 rolls leather; W F Hurd, 1 bx 3-fold castings; Fassbender & Bro, 1 bdl calf skins; Hanford, B & Co, 1 sack sacks; Chase & Bradley, 8 bales sacks; A Meinecke, 9 bdls willow ware; C M Durand & Co, 10 bbls flour; Mrs Bobbar; 5 bbls 10 half bbls tobacco; Mrs Gregory, 1 trunk, 1 chest.

FOR THE CONTRY.—A Curtis, Janesville, 8 ploughs, 1 bdl points; J K E & Co, Janesville, 76 kegs w lead; D H S, Minneapolis, Minn, 15 pcs mdse; J Smith, Cambria, 1 bx 2 bdls h ware; M M Hutchinson, Oshkosh, 1 board, 1 saw, 4 kgs nails; A M Kimball, Pine River, 1 bar steel, 9 bars 5 bdls iron, 5 kgs nails, 1 bdl Burrows, Janesville, 1 bl bbl varnish Manley & Bro, Janesville, 1 case ink; Robbins & Co, Madison, 2 bxs h ware; E W Welike, Watertown, 4 bbs sugar, 3 bags coffee; Langdon & Son, Mineral Point, 2 bxs h ware, 1 bx sheet irons; W Bowman, Pewaukee, 1 bdl h ware; E S Barrows, Janesville 1 bx h ware, F K Hall, Whitewater, 2 bxs fish; W Waldroff, jr., Oxford, 12 bbls sugar, 1 bbl rice, 1 bbl syrup, 2 bgs coffee, 1 bg pepper, 10 bxs raisins, 1 bg pepper, 4 bbls tobacco, 9 bxs tobacco, 9 bxs saleratus; S R Fox, Madison 5 bxs glass.

MARINE.

[Port of Milwaukee, July 26, 1859.

ARRIVED.

Steamer City of Cleveland, Squier, Grand Haven, 46 tons mdz
Steamer Gazelle, Butlin, Two Rivers, 2m ft lumber, 80 bbls flour, 22 bxgs beer
Steamer Cleveland, Dougall, Grand Haven
Steamer Traveller, Sweeney, Chicago, 9 bbls highwines, 28 bbls apples, 140 bbls flour, 82 bags coffee, 29 pass, 315 empty beer bbls
Propeller Milwaukee, Hunt, Buffalo, 10 tons mdz, 5 pass
Schooner Guido, Thorson, Two Creeks, 15m ft lumber, 30 cords bark
Schooner A Baensch, Johnson, Two Creeks, 105 cords bark
Schooner Norway, Johnson, ——, 325 tons R R iron, 75 tons pig iron, 600 bbls salt
Schooner Robinson, Finley, Cleveland, 800 tons coal

CLEARED.

Steamer City of Cleveland, Squier, Grand Haven
Steamer Traveller, Sweeney, Chicago, 10 firkins butter, 32 boxes shot, 4 casks liquor, 100 hf bbls. beer, 16 qr do, 8 pkgs sundries
Steamer Cleveland, Dougal, Grand Haven
Steamer Gazelle, Butlin, Two Rivers, 8 bbls salt, 1 bbl shot, 1 bale, 2 bbls apples, 1 pkg sundries
Propeller Milwaukee, Hunt, Chicago
Schooner Guido, Thorson, Two Creeks
Schooner James Christie, Joyce, Kemper's Pier
Schooner Empire State, Carroll, Oswego, 18,140 bus oats

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

☞ The following is a list of vessels which passed Detroit Saturday evening and Sunday:

Up—Props. Galena, Kenosha; bark Naomi; schrs. Gen. Cass, Miranda, F. J. Skidmore, Mary Williams, Storm King, E. Parsons, Humboldt, Jessie, Cadet, Zephyr.

Down—Props. Illinois, Potomac, Susquehanna, Rocket; brig Wm. Penn; schrs. Flying Cloud, Cartilage, Three Bells, Theo. Perry, Wells Sherman.

Monday forenoon, the bark S. F. Woodruff and prop. Ogdensburgh passed up; and props. Peacheaties and Wisconsin down.

THE G. D. DOUSMAN.—On the 4th of July the schooner *G. D. Dousman* was in the English Channel, off Dover, and expected to be in London the next day. She crossed from Quebec in 24 days.

Vessels passed Port Colbourne Lock from 4 P. M. on the 25th of July till 4 P. M. on the 26th of July.

BOUND WEST.—On the 25th.—None. On the 26th.—Bark Plymouth, schrs Sioux, Theodore Perry, W H De Witt, Flying Cloud, Carthagenia. Vessels in this port for harbor, brig Acadia.

FOR THE ATLANTIC.—Some of our steam tugs are leaving for other other and distant regions. The *Uncle Ben*, Capt. Fred. Miller, starts in a day or two for Boston, where she is to be hereafter employed. The *N. P. Sprague* will leave in a short time for New Orleans. They are both first class tugs.

It is thought the wrecking tug *Oswego*, Capt. John Kimball, will be stationed at Key West, Florida. We know of no craft better calculated to navigate the waters of that rather dangerous locality than the *Oswego*, but she should be very sorry to part with Capt. K. We believe it is not yet definitely settled.

The favorite tug *Reindeer*, Capt. Keeler, is hereafter to be stationed on St. Clair river.—*Detroit Tribune*, Monday.

Books, Stationery, &c.

BOOKS JUST RECEIVED.

MILES STANDISH ILLUSTRATED; A most beautiful Gift Book.
Bayard Taylor's Complete Works: 6 vol.
The Culprit Fay; by Drake.
Erie, or Little by Little.
Kit Carson; Illustrated.
Macaulay's Lays of Ancient Rome.
D'Israeli's Curiosities.
Nature and the Supernatural.
Falisy, the Hungarian Potter.
Paul and Virginia.
Pictures of a Country Life; 2 vols, by Alice Carey.
Companions of my Solitude.
Friends in Council.
Street Thoughts; by Rev. M. Dexter.
Southwold; a novel.
Resources of Travel; 2 vols; by Madame Le Vat.
The Methodist; 2 vols.
The True, Beautiful, and Good.
Two Ways of Wedlock; from the Home Journal.
For sale by C. H. BERMAN.
ap9 175 East Water st.

ROMANCE AND FICTION.

GRACE AGUILAR'S WORKS, 8 VOLS;
Julia Kavanaugh's Works, 7 vols;
Miss McIntosh's Works, 8 vols;
Marryatt's Works, 12 vols;
Miss Sewell's Works, 3 vols.
Miss Yonge's Works, 13 vols;
Jane Anguin's Works, 14 vols;
Charles Lever's Works complete, 11 vols:
Chas. Dickens' Works, 12 vols;
Simm's Novels and Tales, 17 vols;
Cooper's Novels Works, 32 vols;
A. J. Roe's Works, 5 vols;
Hendrik's Conscience's Works, 6 vols.
For sale by C. H. BERMAN, 175 East Water st.
marc7

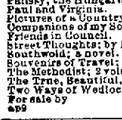
New Rag and Paper Warehouse!

CHASE & BRADLEY,
210 WEST WATER STREET,
Bet. Spring and Oneida St. bridges, Milwaukee.

MANUFACTURER'S AGENTS FOR the sale of every variety of Wrapping Paper, at Mill prices.
Highest Price in Cash paid for Rags, Old Papers, Ropes, and all kinds of Paper Manufacturer's Stock.
je9 1833-d&tw6m

Lake and Ocean Steamers.

Chicago, Milwaukee & Lake Superior
1859. LINE. 1859.



STEAMER LADY ELGIN,
J. WILSON, Com'r, John J. Taylor, Clerk, Fred. Hinz, Steward,
LEAVES CHICAGO, at 5 o'clock P. M.,

Monday	May 30	Friday	Aug. 12
Wednesday	June 8	Wednesday	" 24
Monday	" 20	Monday	Sept. 5
Wednesday	July 11	Wednesday	" 21
Monday	" 11	Monday	" 26
Friday	" 22	Friday	Octr. 7
Monday	Aug. 1	Wednesday	" 19
Monday		Oct. 31.	

LEAVES MILWAUKEE, at 6 o'clock A. M.,

Tuesday	May 31	Saturday	Aug. 13
Thursday	June 9	Thursday	" 25
Tuesday	" 21	Tuesday	Sept. 6
Saturday	July 2	Saturday	" 17
Tuesday	" 12	Tuesday	" 27
Saturday	" 23	Saturday	Octr. 8
Tuesday	Aug. 2	Thursday	" 20
Tuesday		Nov. 1.	

LEAVES MACKINAC, at 11 o'clock A. M.,

Wednesday	June 1	Sunday	Aug. 14
Friday	" 10	Friday	" 26
Wednesday	" 29	Wednesday	Sept. 7
Sunday	July 3	Sunday	" 18
Wednesday	" 13	Wednesday	" 28
Sunday	" 24	Sunday	Octr. 9
Wednesday	Aug. 3	Friday	" 21
Wednesday		Nov. 1.	

Warehouse and Docks, foot of Erie st, near the new harbor.
my26'59-2dtnov1

STEAM TO GLASGOW.

LIVERPOOL, BELFAST, DUBLIN AND LONDONDERRY,
WITHOUT DELAY FOR THIRTY DOLLARS.

RETURN TICKETS GOOD for six months, to either of above places for $60.

FROM NEW YORK.
GLASGOW, Thursday, 28th March, 12 M.
EDINBURGH, Cumming, Wednesday, 13th April, 12 M.
GLASGOW, Thomson, Saturday, 14th May, 12 M.

FROM GLASGOW.
EDINBURGH, Cumming, Saturday, 19th March.
GLASGOW, Thomson, Wednesday, 20th April.
EDINBURG, Cumming, Saturday, 7th May.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

	FROM GLASGOW.	FROM NEW YORK.
First Class,	15 guineas.	First Class, $75
Steerage found with provisions,		Steerage found with cooked provisions, $30
All provisions,		Children under 12 years of age, half rate; Infants under 1 year, free.

Return ticket, available within six months, by any steamers of their line—

First Class,	$110
Third Class,	60

An experienced surgeon attached to each steamship.
For passage, apply to
ROBERT CRAIG,
16 Broadway, New York.
Or to D. J. HOEY,
West Water st. Milwaukee
dec23'7986dtw

1859. New Spring and Summer 1859.

DRY GOODS!

J. L. DAVIS,

IS NOW RECEIVING ONE OF THE

Largest and Best Selected Stocks of Goods

Ever brought to this market, to which will be added, from time to time, during the season,

THE LATEST NOVELTIES

Our arrangements are such that

We fear no Competition!

As we have a buyer constantly in the market. We are determined to give our customers

THE LARGEST AMOUNT OF GOODS

FOR

The Smallest Amount of Money!

OUR DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

is very full and attractive, containing Black and Fancy Silks, Tissues, Delaines, Challies, Cashmeres, Lawns, Organdies, Robe de Paris, Robe a Quill, Brilliants, &c.,

IN OUR

White Goods and Linen Department

Will be found Irish Linens, Linen Damasks, Napkins, Table Diapers, Towels, Doylies, Cambrics, Jaconetts, Counterpanes, Embroideries, Furnishing Goods, &c., &c.

IN THE

CLOTH DEPARTMENT,

Is a full stock of French and German Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Cottonades, Denims, Summer Stuffs, Jeans, &c.

IN OUR

SHAWL AND MANTILLA ROOM

We have a fine assortment of Broche, Long and Square, Silk, Stella, Paris Fancy Border, Cashmere, Crape Shawls, Cloth Mantleys, Lace and Silk Mantillas. We have also a full assortment of

Hosiery, Gloves, Yankee Notions, Trimmings,

BROWN AND BLEACHED SHEETINGS,
PRINTS, HOOP SKIRTS, &C., &C.

OUR JOBBING DEPARTMENT

Is unusually full of all kinds of

DRY GOODS AND YANKEE NOTIONS!

Which we are offering to Merchants

CHEAP FOR CASH!

J. L. DAVIS,
178 East Water Street,
sep20b224dly Milwaukee.

JOHNSON & OLMSTED,
Commission Merchants and Forwarders,
ERIE STREET, MILWAUKEE.
AGENTS FOR SALE OF
Rawson & Hewe's Highwines,
—AND—
WM. SMITH & CO.'S
ALCOHOL AND PURE SPIRITS.
jan24'58dlaw&wly

FENCING FOR FARMERS
—AT—
Stronach's Lumber Yard
CORNER ERIE & EAST WATER STS.,
Near Walker's Point Bridge.

ALL KINDS OF LUMBER AND TIMBER kept in stock, and Farmers' Produce taken in Exchange at the Market prices.
Dealers can be supplied by the single Car Load, or by the Cargo.
WM. P. THORP, Agent.
Mills, Manistee, Mich. Residence Stimson's Hotel.
jan18'57 w&p

FRENCH PRUNES.—A PRIME LOT FOR sale by EDWARD TRUBLOW, 119 East Water st

Machinery.

BEST WHEEL
IN THE STATE.



EAGLE STEAM FOUNDRY,
WEST WATER STREET, MILWAUKEE.
THE OLDEST ESTABLISHMENT IN THE STATE
TURTON & SERCOMBE,

MANUFACTURERS OF FLOUR, SAW and other Mill Gearing, together with Castings of all descriptions: Steam Engines of the latest improvements; Brass and Composition work.

Also manufacturers of the celebrated Hayland & Tuttle Water Wheel. It useless water, in proportion to the power given, than any other wheel manufactured. It is adapted to either high or low heads of water, runs perfectly steady, and is not affected by ice or back-water. It has given general satisfaction to all who have used it, and that, together with its durability, gives it an entire superiority over all other wheels. Descriptive circulars, with reference, forwarded on application.

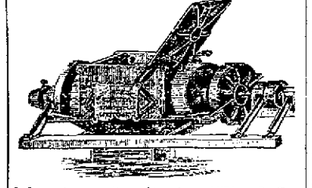
MILL STONES, BOLTING CLOTHS,
SCREEN WIRE,

And Mill Furnishings, of all descriptions, at the shortest notice.

Also, Steam and Water Cocks, Steam Gauges and Whistles, Oil Pumps and Cups. Lignum Vitæ of all sizes.

THOMAS TURTON. JOHN SERCOMBE
jy14'57dly

IMPORTANT NOTICE
—TO—
MILLWRIGHTS AND OWNERS.



The Excelsior Water Wheel Co.

ARE MANUFACTURING A NEW KIND of Water Wheel, patented 15th May, and 15th December, 1858, by J. H. Faircloth, of Vermont. It involves the principle of the Scroll in giving power, and of controlling the water, by which we obtain a greater maximum power than is afforded by any other wheel now in use. Some of the advantages of this wheel are:—

1st. We obtain the ENTIRE WEIGHT of the water, and have no centrifugal force to contend with, from water to water.

2d. It surpasses all other wheels in velocity and power.

3d. It is perfectly under the control of the workman, either when used to drive a large or small amount of machinery, as the strength of the wheel is not diminished by reducing its motion, since it depends upon the WEIGHT of the column of water below the wheel, which always remains about the same.

4th. It occupies less space than any other wheel—is placed inside the flume, near the SURFACE of the water, and never affected by frost.

5th. The wheel is very durable, being made of iron, and can be put in to any plane and attached to Saw Mills, Grist Mills, and machinery of all kinds, with less expense than any other wheel. The velocity of the wheel is such that the expense of gearing up is avoided for most early all purposes.

Together with the advantages above stated, we are ready to warrant the Wheel to possess a power equal to the following figures, for each foot fall of water:

Size of Wheel.		Number horse-power.
10½	"	78.100 "
12	"	99.100 "
13½	"	1.25.120 "
15	"	1.55. "
16½	"	1.87.100 "
18	"	2.35.100 "
19	"	2.65.100 "
20	"	2.96.100 "
22	"	3.53.100 "
24	"	4.29.100 "
26	"	5.25.100 "
28	"	6.36.100 "
30	"	6.81.100 "

Wheels of the above sizes make from 400 to 100 revolutions per minute. Wheels are complete with gate, pulley and shoot, so that the purchaser has only to place it in his flume, which can be done with less expense than any other wheel.

The Company have competent workmen, who will put them in properly and in a workmanlike manner, at reasonable rates. The Wheels can be afforded at a less price than any other wheels now in use.

W. H. SERCOMBE, Sec'y, Troy, N. Y.

CERTIFICATES.

DEAR SIR—In answer to your favor asking my opinion of the Archbold Patent Water Wheel that you put into my factory for me, I take great pleasure in stating that it has exceeded my expectation. I took out a Burrel Wheel to feed the flume, and 2 Pairs of Buckets, and replaced it with one of Fairchild's Patent 15 inch Wheels, and it gives more power, with 25 per cent less fall of water, and the motion is as steady as that of a steam engine. It has also the advantage of being very cheap and durable.

It operates under a 9 feet head and fall, and carries with equal regularity and steadiness a greater or less amount of machinery, such as is necessary for the manufacturing of the article, whereas an increase of machinery upon my old Wheels would materially lessen the speed.

It is without doubt the best Wheel I have ever used, and from my experience in Water Wheels extends over a period of 25 years. Any one interested in Water Wheels will be convinced of its superiority (however skeptical he may be) by the trouble of calling a my factory and see its performance.

I am, yours, respectfully,
EDWARD SAVAGE.

Mr. Savage writes me again under date of Jan. 5th 1859. "The Wheel continues to perform entirely well, and I am more and more pleased with it. It has not caused us a moment's delay since you were here."

SHELDON, Franklin Co., Vt., June 29, 1858.

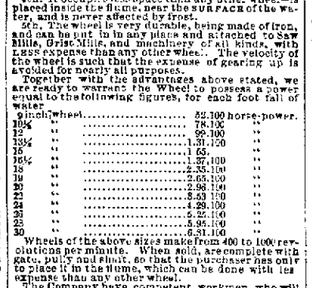
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B. CARLISLE.

Many other testimonials from heavy eastern manufacturers can be seen at my office. Where the public are invited to call and examine this wheel, and where they will at all times be kept on hand to supply the demand. Also Rights and Machines for sale, or running the Planing Mill and other Machinery necessary for the manufacture of Sash, Doors and Blinds at the manufactory of M. A. Burns, Esq., (State Dam) Joliet, Ill., where any and all are invited to call and examine it under pressure of steam and the cutting of logs every day per minute. For further particulars please address

G. W. F. ROWMAN, Agent
For all Western States,
At Messrs. Gates, Warner, Chalmers & Frazer, Corner West Washington and Canal streets.
P. O. Box 1276. ap19'59d7dat-w6m

MOORE'S
Thirty Dollar, Double Lock Stitch,



FAMILY SEWING MACHINE!!
SECURED BY RECENT LETTERS PATENT.

THE ADVENT OF THIS NEW, MOST useful and incomparable Machine is destined to create a great and decided change in *public opinion* upon the subject of Urban Sewing Machines.

We confidently assert and can conclusively prove, by a *practical demonstration*, that this Machine embodies the perfection of the best principles of SCIENTIFIC PRINCIPLES to be found in any Sewing Machine now before the public, *regardless of price*. With a speed of 1,200 stitches per minute, it avoids imperfections of other Machines, Mr. Moore has sought to remedy them and we feel assured a critical examination of the following brief list of its merits will at once establish it as the *only real desirable cheap* Machine in the market, and the *only low priced* Machine now sold. It sews directly from two Spools, (as bought at the store, without re-winding,) one above the Fabric, and one underneath, and thus makes the *strongest most elastic* and *durable* stitch, made either by hand or machinery. It *cannot be ripped*, and though the cloth is *cut entirely of every half inch*. The stitch possesses the same elasticity on *edge* as upon the surface, rendering it peculiarly and highly applicable for articles that require washing and ironing. The machinery for feeding the cloth is unlike all others, and is entirely original. It *cannot* get out of order, and is perfect in every part. It runs with perfect evenness and ease, and the tension is so steady as that of a steam engine. It has also the advantage of being very cheap and durable.

It operates under a 9 feet head and fall, and carries with equal regularity and steadiness a greater or less amount of machinery, such as is necessary for the manufacturing of fine articles, whereas an increase of machinery upon my old Wheels would materially lessen the speed.

It is without doubt the best Wheel I have ever used, and from my experience in Water Wheels extends over a period of 25 years. Any one interested in Water Wheels will be convinced of its superiority (however skeptical he may be) by the trouble of calling a my factory and see its performance.

I am, yours, respectfully,
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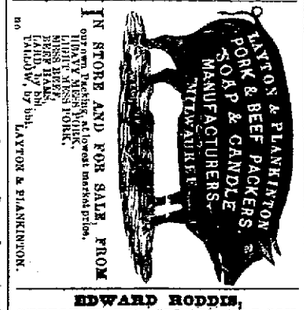
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Pork and Beef Packers.

IN STORE AND FOR SALE, FROM OUR OWN PACKING HOUSE, IN THIS CITY, AND FROM OUR PACKING HOUSE AT PORT WASHINGTON, WISCONSIN, THE FOLLOWING BRANDS OF PORK, VIZ:

CLEAR MESS,
MESS,
PRIME MESS,
PRIME,
CLEAR BACK,
SHORT CUT CLEAR,
SHORT CUT MESS,
LONG CUT MESS,
LONG CUT PRIME,
SHOULDERS,
HAMS,
SMOKED HAMS,
SMOKED SHOULDERS,
SMOKED BEEF,
LARD, PUT UP IN BARRELS AND TIERCES.

LAWTON & PLANKINTON.

EDWARD RODDIS,
WEST WATER STREET, HAS CONSTANTLY in store, for sale—
Mess Pork:
Mess Beef:
Leaf Lard, in bbls and half bbls:
Bacon, Green and Smoked:
Smoked Sugar Cured Hams:
Smoked Sugar Cured Shoulders:
Soap, Candles, Tallow, &c., &c.
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NEW SUGAR CURED HAMS.

JUST FROM SMOKE HOUSE, A FINE lot of sugar-cured hams and dried beef for sale by
jan18 LAWTON & PLANKINTON.

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GREAT WESTERN DESPATCH!
FAST FREIGHT LINE.
Via DETROIT & MILWAUKEE R. R.

GOODS ORDERED BY THE "GREAT WESTERN DISPATCH," will be sent through at the

LOWEST RAILROAD RATES, viz:

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